DIAMOND FROM THE SKY
is one of the most interesting films ever shown.
DON'T MISS TO SEE IT.
WEST END CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

THE SERIAL WONDERFUL
is shown at the
WEST END CINEMA
and is full of common sense Thrills. Do see the Diamond from the Sky.

VOL. IV NO. 295 BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons.
12th Decr.	Khyber	9000		
17th ,,	Malwa	11000		
24th ,,	Nagova	7000		
31st ,, 1917	Salsette	6000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500
7th Jan'y.	Khiva	9000		
14th ,,	Moultan	10000		
21st ,,	Sardinia	7000		
28th ,,	Salsette	6000	Kashgar	9000

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc

Date Absnt.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
16th Decr.	Nyanza	7000	Karmala	9000
30th Dec.	Malta	7000	Morea	11000
1917				
6th Jaary.	Nellore	7000	Medina *	12500
9th Febry	Novara	7000	Mongolia	10000
23rd ,,	Nore	7000	Malwa	11000
9th March	Malta	7000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500

The steamers marked * are through sailings from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 16th November and 26th January respectively.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination
12th Dec	Linga	Karachi direct.
12th Dec.	Karoa	S. and S. Africa via Porebunder.
*14th Dec	Dumra	Karachi & P. Gulf.
15th Dec.	Lhasa	Karachi Coasting.

*Or later, on arrival of the English Mail steamer.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents P. & O. and B. I. S. N. Cos.
Nicol Road, Bombay.

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Rangoon Maru	Y. Kobayashi	5348	17th. Dec.	20th. Dec.
Yeboshi Maru	S. Kishimoto	4098	7th Jan 17	10thJan.17
Yetorofu Maru	S. Hirata	4166	8th Jan. 17	20thJan.17
Tenshin Maru	R. Ogaki	4179	11thJan.17	23rdJan 17
Taisho Maru	T. Ogawa	1651	15thJan.17	27thJan 17

For Freight apply to—
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 319,057.
Twice a month from Bombay to Japan via Singapore.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Ataka Maru	3874	F. Tabusa	....	12th Dec.
Kaijo Maru	4207	S. Minato	....	15th Dec
Jav. Maru	4499	N. Yanagi	8th Dec.	17th Dec.
Kumajiri Maru	4062	K. Sakurai	20th Dec.	31st Dec
Europa Maru	3078	S. Nakagawa	24th Dec.	1st Jan 17
Inaho Maru	3939	D. Ogawa	1st Jan. 17	11thJan17

For Freight apply to
M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukladuala Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
JOINT SERVICE
HOMEWARD

Sailing will be announced as soon as possible

FARES.	1st Class Single.	1st Class Return	2nd Class Single.	2nd Class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	555	883	420	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	480	720
Liverpool	600	90	52	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	942	..	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families. Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided, it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—
KILLICK NIXON & CO.
Bombay:—Messrs. E. Bates & Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ABAD LINE.

FOR BUSHIRE, MOHAMERAH AND BUSREH.

S. S. NICHIREN MARU, 2,002 tons, will sail on or about 15th December.

FOR BUNDER-ABBAS, LINGA, DUBAI, BAHREIN AND BUSHIRE.

S. S. ASIA MARU, 2,416 tons, will sail on or about 25th December.

For further particulars apply to:—
MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF
S. N. CO. LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports via Karachi.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck passengers also carried.

Present sailings are as follows:—

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. ZAYANI, 3,504 tons, on or about 7th December, 1916.

S. S. SHUSHTAR, 2,664 tons, on or, about 15th December, 1916.

For further particulars apply to:—
HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & Co.,
Agents,
121, Esplanade Road.

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out.

They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kaminia Oil.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000
Head Office:
28, Bishopsgate London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampale
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa.
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Daressalam, East Africa.
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mouritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest nd Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
Established 1888.
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 30,900,000
HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	(Mukden)	Tiehling
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Los Angles	Pekin	
Liaoyang	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.
Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,38,658
HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches.
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
Bankers to the Government in Busrah.
SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.
The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—
Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.
Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... £ 562,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 550,000
HEAD OFFICE.
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares, and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE: 38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
INDIA, BURMA STRAITS & CHINA & CEYLON, MALAY STATES JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Seremban	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

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Manila. Bangkok.
Batavia. Saigon. Cebu. Puket.
Sourabaya. Haiphong. Hoilo.
Medan.
NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.
BANKERS—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.
The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
GEORGE MILLER, Agent.
Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturday, 10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)
Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON
BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
J. D. SMART.
Agent.
48, Churchgate Street.

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NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
LIMITED.
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.
ESTABLISHED 1731.
FIRE, MARINE & ACCIDENT.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE Co., Ld.
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND
ESTABLISHED 1789.
FIRE & MARINE.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE Co., Ld.
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

WESTERN (MARINE) ASSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED IN CANADA.

WORLD MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

As General Agents for the abov First Class English Offices we ar accepting.
Fire, Marine and Accident business.
Applications for rates and terms will receive our prompt attention.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
General Agents.
GRAHAM'S BUILDING,
Fort.

THE ZENITH
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.
Managing Agents:—H. M. MEHTA & Co.
Policyholders can vote at meetings of the Company and thus have a voice in its management.
Funds are invested in Government and other Securities authorised by the Indian Trust Act.
The Rates of Premiums are equitable for India, and the lowest that can with safety be offered to the assured.
Policies issued on most liberal conditions and unnecessary restrictions abolished.
For Prospectus, forms and other particulars, please apply to:—
N. B. LALA,
Secretary,
43, Forbes Street Fort,
Bombay.
WANTED—Influential and active Agents throughout India and elsewhere.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA.
Offers world-wide policies on most liberal terms.
Security unquestioned.
Energetic Agents wanted:—To represent the Company throughout the Deccan.
For prospectus, etc., please apply to
B. RAMCHANDRA & Co.,
General Agents,
42, Medows Street, BOMBAY.
781

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).
Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.
Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.
For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—
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JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
113, Esplanade Road, Fort.

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FIRST CLASS
REFRESHMENT ROOM
A. VIANELLI,
Chowpatty.

WHOLESALE INDIGO DEALERS
AND
SUPPLIERS TO MILLS.
MESSRS. GIRDHARIDAS RADHAKISHENDAS.
Head Office: Barbhai Mohalla, Post No. 3.
BOMBAY.
Telegraphs: "GOODWILL" Telephone No: 2709.
BANKERS, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS AND EXPORTERS OF SEEDS, GROCERY, COTTON YARN, ETC., TO EGYPT, CYPRUS, ETC.
Branches: Madras, Karachi, Cawnpore, Shikarpur (Sind), Chaman (Baluchistan).
AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA

THE
TEXAS COMPANY
Incorporated in Texas (U. S. A.)
Petroleum and its Products.
KING'S BUILDINGS.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
The following high grade brands of Kerosene Oil imported in cases packed in America are read for delivery:—

BRANDS		RATE.
Southern Star	150°	Rs. 7-9-0 per case
Unicorn	125°	Rs. 6-12-0 per case

Deliveries will be made free of charge to all buyers in Bombay.
For further particulars apply to
Messrs. AHMED HUSEIN & Co.
Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

Second 1916 Russian 5½ p.c. War Loan
FOR
Rbls. 3,000,000,000.
Redeemable at par in 1926 and free of all Russian Income Tax.
Issued at Rbls. 95 per Rbls. 100 nominal plus coupon from 14th of October. Interest payable half-yearly in April and October. Subscription open from 14th November to 26th December, 1916, with
RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.
BOMBAY.

P. WARUSAVITANE BROS.
JEWELLERS AND DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES.
A large selection of Ceylon hand-made laces always in stock.
CEYLON DEPOT,
Opp. G. P. O., Fort Street,
BOMBAY.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.
SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. "DAILY QUOTATION SHEETS" supplied at Re. 1-12 per mensem, Post free. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.
Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.
Loans arranged on shares and approved securities.
Life and Fire Insurance, effected with first class English and Indian Companies.
Agency business of all sorts undertaken.
Telegraphic Address—"BUREAU" Bombay.
Telephone No. 2569.
37, Hamam Street, Fort.

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ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES

may be had on application to—

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,

"Bombay Chronicle."

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

WANTED—STUDENTS for The Bombay School of Chemistry and Pharmacy which opens in December. Special Courses for Dispensers and Chemists. Good Prospects for passed candidates. For particular apply to the Principal, Lamington Road, Bombay. 5975

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other European, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 3 Medows Street, Fort.

WANTED

WANTED—An experienced STEREO. and LEAD CASTER. Apply in person to SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—Experienced MOTOR DRIVERS immediately out of Bombay; salary good but according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials at once to Box No. 407, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 6271

WANTED—ENGAGEMENT for a B.Sc. in a commercial firm or as TEACHER, etc., in Bombay. Moderate pay. Apply to KRISHNA CHANDRA, Jain Boarding, Tardeo, Bombay. 6274

WANTED—RECRUITS for the Anglo-Indian Battery. Apply to th RECRUITING AGENT, Anglo-Indian Force 113, Esplanade Road (above Thacker's), Bombay.

WANTED—"LIVE AGENTS" to sell "Luxur" (New Discovery) Hair Tonic. 33½ per cent. Profit. Trial Package 12 As. Particular. Free. Apply to Box No. 401, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 6254

WANTED.—A CLERK with knowledge of signalling on Marshal Instrument. Salary Rs. 30 per mensem with ten per cent Local allowance. Apply with copies of testimonials to the LOCO SUPERINTENDENT, G. I. P. Railway, Parel. 6244

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE of "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 3, Medows Street Fort, Bombay

WANTED in January.—One BRITISH GRADUATE able to teach Science, Mathematics up to the Cambridge Senior Local Standard. Salary up to Rs. 450 per month, with quarters for a really capable man. Also two temporary European masters able to teach ordinary subjects up to the 6th standard. Salary 150 p.m. each. Apply with copies of testimonials to the PRINCIPAL, LA MARTINIERE COLLEGE, Lucknow. 6216.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.—Engineer's Office.—Applications will be received by the Undersigned upto 15-12-16 from qualified OVERSEERS and SUB-OVERSEERS for temporary work in the Bombay Improvement Trust.

Those who have previous experience of Road construction, drainage and survey and levelling work, and are able to manage labour on Departmental works will be preferred. Salary from Rs. 50 to Rs. 80 per mensem.

H. D. KATRAK,
L.C.E., A.M., I.C.E.,
Offg. Trust Engineer,
Northern Division.

6243

VIVE LA FRANCE !

THE FRENCH ROOM, affiliated to the ALLIANCE FRANCAISE DE PARIS and the TOURING CLUB DE FRANCE, gives its resident and non-resident members (1) conversational practice in the most pleasant forms, (2) practical help when they travel in France.

Apply to PROF. LOUIS PELTIER, Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One WESTINGHOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B.H.P., 460 volts, 850/1100 R. P. M. complete with shunt regulator and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1665

TO BE LET

TO BE LET.—"CAMP VIEW," DEOLALI for rent and particulars, apply to Mr. CAMA, c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET—A commodious upper storied Bungalow "THE RETREAT," at Khar Road, Bandra. For particulars apply to:—

RUSTOMJI P. BHARUCHA,
Bell Lane, Fort.

6236

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the public that he has absolutely no interest, right, title or claim in or to the firms of K. Radhakishan & Co., and the Standard Cotton Coy., and the businesses thereof which belong absolutely to my brother Mr. K. Satyanarayen. I hereby withdraw the notice given by my solicitors Messrs. Mulji and Thakoredas on the 16th day of November last and got published by my solicitors in the issues of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" of the 17th day of November last.

Dated this 9th day of December, 1916.

K. RADHA KRISHNA.

6278

NOTICE.

AN OVERSEER experienced in tank and canal irrigation work is wanted for this State. Salary Rs. 75 plus Re. 1 per diem as Travelling Allowance.

Apply stating age and caste with testimonials.

MOTILAL L. PAREKH,
Divan, Baria State.

Hazur Office,
Dayad Baria,
5th December, 1916.

6234

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY GIVEN NOTICE that JETHABHAI NARSEY has no connection whatsoever with the firm of NENSEY KALIANJI & CO., and whoever has or will have anything to do with the said Jethabhai Narsey in the name of Nensey Kalianji and Co. has or will do so at his own risk and Nensey Kalianji and Co. is not and will not be in any way responsible for such dealings. All the work of Nensey Kalianji and Co. is carried on solely by Kalianji Vardhman and no other person has any authority to work in any way in the name of Nensey Kalianji and Co. Any payment therefore should not be made without obtaining the signature of Kalianji Vardhman failing which Nensey Kalianji and Co. will in no way be responsible for such payments.

NENESY KALIANJI & CO.,

6273

NOTICE.

THE STATE PURCHASES COMMITTEE having been appointed by the Darbar to deal with all orders exceeding Rs. 300 in value hitherto placed by the various Heads of Departments who have to make purchases during the year, all firms desirous of doing business with the State are requested to send their latest price lists to the Secretary, and duly to apprise him of any alterations in the list prices. The Committee will usually invite sealed tenders for the requirements of the State. All kinds of furniture, tents, leather goods, provision stores, P. W. D. and Electrical Department requirements, Press accessories, motor requisities, stationery, everything in short, will come within the scope of the Committee's authority.

SECRETARY,
State Purchases Committee, Bhopal.

6215.

Ahmedabad Palace,
Bhopal, 27th November, 1916.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI AHMED HAJI SULLEMAN and HAJI MAHOMED HAJI SULLEMAN, of Bombay Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. All persons therefore having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, sale, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Parel Road, Bhendy Bazar in the City of Bombay fronting the said Parel Road and on the West side thereof in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 412 1/3 square yards be the same more or less registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 1516 New Survey No. 4524 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward C No. 8106, Street Nos. 596-598 and 600 and 2 at is and bounded as follows—On or towards the North by the Road formerly known as Oblisk Road but now as Grant Road on or towards the South by the Road formerly known as Moonshi Yakoob Street but now known as Bapty Road on or towards the East by Parel Road aforesaid and on or towards the West by a public passage.

Dated this 9th day of December, 1916.

ARDESIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & Co.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

6277

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firms of HAJI LATIFF OOMAR and ABDOOL CURRIM HAJI LATIFF and Co. doing business as Hosiery merchant respectively at Shaikh Memon Street, and Chackla Street, Bombay, and which were until recently carried on in partnership between Haji Latiff Oomar (since deceased) and Abdool Currim Haji Hussein have been pursuant to the consent decree dated the 15th day of April, 1916, passed in suit No. 435 of 1916 filed by Mariambai and others the heirs and legal representatives of the said deceased Haji Latiff Oomar against the said Abdool Currim Haji Hussein dissolved and the accounts of the said firms and the winding up thereof is to be completed as directed in the said consent decree. All persons having any debts claims or demands upon or against the said firms are hereby required to send in particulars in writing of their debts, claims or demands to the undersigned at their Office at 109 Meadows Street Bombay within 8 days from the date hereof and notice is hereby further given that at the expiration of the said period the said Abdool Karim Haji Hoossein the surviving partner of the said firms will wind up the said partnership and distribute the assets having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall have then notice and that after such winding up and distribution, no further claims will be entertained.

Dated this 2nd day of December, 1916.

DAPHTARY, FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Attorneys for Abdool Currim Haji Hossein

6269.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Re:—ESTATE OF COWASJI PALLONJI KHATAO ..... Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons being creditors of or otherwise having any claim upon or against the estate of Mr. COWASJI PALLONJI KHATAO, deceased (C. P. Khatao) Proprietor of the Alfred Natak Mandli of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, who died at Lahore on or about the 11th day of August, 1916, and Probate of whose last Will and Testament was on the 6th day of December, 1916, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Dhunjibhoy Jehangir Surti and Ardesir Merwanji Madan, two of the executors named in the Will of the said Cowasji Pallonji Khatao, having effect throughout the whole of British India are required to send to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executors at their office at No. 9 Bell Lane, Fort, in writing their names addresses and particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased so as to reach the said office on or before the 26th day of February, 1917, as after that date, the said Dhunjibhoy Jehangir Surti and Ardesir Merwanji Madan as such executors will proceed to administer the assets of the said deceased in their hands having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall have notice as aforesaid and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognised.

All persons owing monies to the estate of the said deceased or possessing any property belonging to the said estate or otherwise liable to the said estate in any way are hereby required to pay such sums and deliver such property to the said executors of the said deceased and to make good to the said executors their liabilities to the said estate.

Dated this 8th day of December, 1916.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Attorneys for the executors.

6276

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ADAMALLI SHAIK GULAM HOOSEIN, has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien, or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Perpetual Fazandari land or ground together with the building or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at the Street formerly called Bhoosari Moholla and now called Balu Sarang Street in the town and island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 139 2/9 square yards or thereabouts and which said piece or parcel of land forms part of a larger plot registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2085 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 148, and Street Nos. 200-204 and which said premises are bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by the said Balu Serang Street on or towards the West by Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Mahomedalli Allibhoy on or towards the North formerly by the property of Heptoola Shaik Adam and now by the property of Abdulalli Basulbhai and on or towards the South formerly by the property of Esufally Moola Goolam Hoosein and now by the property of Abdullally Heptoola Chitharia.

Dated this 9th day of December, 1916.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

6279

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52, Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CASES TWINE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 11th December, 1916, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 52, Medows Street, by order of Messrs. M. Allabux and Co., and on account and at the risk of defaulting indentor Tayaballi Dawoodkhan Rasavala, per s. s. "Indo Marn."

1 case twine Marks M. A. and Co. 200 lbs.

On account and at the risk of the concerned—

2 cases twine Marks M. A. and Co. each case of 200 lbs.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT WALPAKADI ROAD MAZAGON, WITHOUT THE FORT.

Under instructions from the owner Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property THIS DAY MONDAY, the 11th December, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the Northern side of Walpakadi Road in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 125 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 455, New No. 2403, Old Survey No. 6 and New Survey No. 2/3635 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 4301 and Street No. 7 and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Tar Mahomed Ahmed, on or towards the West by the property of Tar Mahomed Hassan, on or towards the North by the Walpakady Road, and on or towards the South by the property of Khatizabai widow of Khan Mahomed Jusub.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th December, 1916.

WONDERFUL FORETELLING

Send your time and date of birth or your star and age or note the time when you write the letter, you will be given a full reading of your life for one year to come for *One Rupee only*. Readings will be sent by V. P.P.

MRS. M. SHORE. GOVERNMENT OF INDIA CAMP DELHI, writes:—"I am very much pleased with the Annual Life reading." Try only once. You will be marvellously convinced.

THE KALINGA ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU, Chodavaram, Vizagapatam District.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APPOLLO STREET, FORT.

The Sale of landed property at King Lane Fort and at Mahableshwar advertised to take place on THURSDAY the 13th and FRIDAY the 15th instant, has been POSTPONED until further Notice.

On THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Jasmin Lodge, Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, next to Daria Mahal, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, large sliding dining table, arms and without arms chairs, large sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield sofas, drawing room cabinets, single and double glass door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, fancy teapoys, writing tables, glass door book cases, wooden, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., etc., the property of a Gentleman.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT LADY JAMSHEDJI ROAD, MAHIM.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mehta Dalpatram and Lalljee Attorneys for the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the defaulting mortgagors Sharifabai wife of Shamsudin Haji Ebrahim Penker Mahimwala and Sumsudin Haji Ebrahim Penker Mahimwala and in exercise of the power of sale reserved in an Indenture of mortgage dated 9th May, 1911, and expressed to be made between the said Sharifabai wife of Samsudin Haji Ebrahim Penker Mahimwala of the first part, Samsudin Haji Ebrahim Penker Mahimwala of the 2nd part and the mortgagees of the third part Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, will on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of December, 1916, sell by public auction on the premises the undermentioned properties in three lots at the hours hereunder specified.

LOT No. 1—To be put up for sale at 4 p.m. (S.T.) all that piece or parcel of land or cart commonly known as Kassabe situate on the North side of the Public Road called Wazawalla in Mahim within the Sub-district of Bombay containg by admeasurement (589) five hundred and eighty-nine square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 21, New No. 3511, New Survey No. 18 and by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 5106 and Street No. 434 and bounded on or towards the North and East by the moiety of the said cart belonging to Sulleman bin Shaikh Esmail and on or towards the west and south by a public passage called Wazawala Road.

LOT No. II.—To be put up to sale at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), all that piece or parcel of Fazandary land or ground with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Upper Mahim on the western side of the Lady Jamsedji Road admeasuring (140) one hundred and forty square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Survey No. 21 and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 5004 and Street No. 332 standing in the name of Bhagwandas Morlidhardas in the books of the Municipality and bounded on or towards the East by the private passage of the oart on or towards the west by the vacant ground of Haji Hassam on or towards the south by the House of Dawood Budroo and on or towards the north by the public lane leading to the Mahim Bazar Road called Wazawalla.

LOT No. III.—To be put up to sale, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) all that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messnage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Lady Jamsedji Road outside the Fort of Bombay admeasuring (46) forty-six feet in length and (28½) twenty-eight and one-fourth feet in breadth or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Survey No. 21 and assessed by the Municipality under G Ward No. 5003 and Street No. 331 and bounded on or towards the east by a passage leading from the Fazandars Wadi to Wazawala Wadi on or towards the West by the property of Haji Cassum and a public passage and on or towards the North by the property of Bhimabai widow of Oosman Bapu and on or towards the South by a gully belonging to the said property of Bhimabai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Mehta Dalpatram and Lalljee Attorneys for the mortgagees at their office No. 121, Meadow Street Fort or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Plots, at Sandhurst Road (East) Estate and Sandhurst Road (West) Estate.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on the site, the following very valuable building plots for a term of 999 years:—

LOT NO. 1.—A very valuable building site known as plots No. 32 and 33, Sandhurst Road (East), Estate, containing 1,262 square yards having long and prominent frontages to Parel (Bhendy Bazaar) Sandhurst and Jail Roads, and suitable for the erection of shops, offices and residences. This plot is situate in a very busy locality and at the junction of the main North and South and East and West Roads. It is expected that trams will shortly be laid along Sandhurst Road, and when Sandhurst Road is completed this will be one of the prominent sites in the city.

LOT NO. 2.—An excellent building site known as plot No. 86 and 87, Sandhurst Road, west containing 1,741 square yards, situate at the Junction of Sandhurst and Falkland Roads and having frontages of once 320ft. to Sandhurst Road, Falkland Road, Islampura Street, and Ardeseer Dady Street.

It is expected that trams will shortly run from Falkland Road, along Sandhurst Road to the docks.

The letting will be held on plot Nos. 32 and 33. Plans and agreements to lease can be seen on application to the Board's Land Manager, or to the Undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY the 16th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 13, Watson Annexe, Apollo Bunder, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture of the latest designed, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table, arms and without arm chairs, large sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing-room suite, drawing-room cabinets, single and double glass door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, fancy teapoys electric lamps and fans, electric clothes iron, brass double bedstead, boaded door chicks, Singapore cane furniture, ice box, a lot of Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., etc., the property of A. D. Butler, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 11th December, 1916.

PARISIAN DAIRY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 063

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT G. I. P. RY., ETC.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.
Residence Telephone No. 696.

TO ANXIOUS PURCHASERS BONA-FIDE SALE.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE BRAND NEW SAFES.

AUCTION SALE OF NINE REALLY HIGH CLASS FIRE AND BURGLAR RESISTING BENT IRON "TOSH" SAFES FITTED WITH "TOSH SPECIAL 8 LEVER LOCKS" AND VOUCHER AND SECRET DRAWERS.

On THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will under instructions from Messrs. TOSH & Co. sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a regular set of their wellknown safes (Brand New) just received consisting of the following very high class fire and burglar resisting bent iron "tosh" safes fitted with "tosh special and lever locks" and secret contrivanced sovereign box and voucher drawer.

1 iron safe 38 by 34 by 24.
1 iron safe 30 by 24 by 24.
1 iron safe 26 by 21 by 18.
2 iron safes 24 by 20 by 18.
1 iron safe 22 by 18 by 18.
2 iron safes 18 by 15 by 15.
1 iron safe 15 by 12 by 12.

The above safes are on view.

NOTE—"Tosh" is the only "Make" to meet every ingredient of the requirements of an anxious depositor. "Tosh" means "Safety."

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON FRIDAY, THE 15TH DECEMBER, AT 3-30 P. M. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE SUBSTANTIAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BLACKWOOD DINING TABLES FOR 12 PERSONS, COTTAGE PIANO BY MESSRS. ROSE, OLIVER TYPEWRITER NO. 5, HALL CABINETS BY DEVJI, BLACKWOOD DOUBLE BED, GENTS. BICYCLE, NEARLY NEW ENGLISH BROUGHAM FITTED WITH BRAND NEW DUNLOP TYRES, SEWING MACHINE ETC., ETC.

On FRIDAY, the 15th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the ground floor of the Grants Buildings, Middle Colaba, the very valuable, substantial and specially ordered teak and blackwood highly polished furniture such as blackwood dinning table for 12 persons, specially ordered dining chairs, mirrored sideboards, dinner waggons, meatsafes, ice-box, drawing room and reading room complete suites of sofas and chairs fine superior velvet, rich writing tables, office tables, artistic cabinets office chairs, revolving book cases, mirrored hatstands, low and easy chairs, rich carpets, rich satsuma vases, selected oil paintings, octagon marble topped tables, hall cabinets by Devji, wall plates, table ornaments, card tables, wall brackets, rich teapoys, solid iron framed grand cottage piano by S. Rose & Co., Oliver typewriter No. 5, selected solid double and single glass and panel door almirahs, clock and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, marble topped dressing and washing tables, iron double and single beds, blackwood double bed, towel horses, rich glass porcelain and platedware, gents' bicycle, sewing machines, etc., etc.

Also one nearly new very light English built office brougham fronted glass and very recently fitted with brand new Dunlop tyres.

The property of J. H. Clemenger Esqr., including that of other gentlemen.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 14TH DECEMBER, AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.).

Auction Sale of Unclaimed Furniture, Presentation Silver Cups by Treacher, White Mettle, Money Purses, Presentation Platedware, Alladin Lamp, with Tank 3,000 C. P., Theatrical Dresses, Cinematograph, Apparatus, Cottage Piano by the well-known Messrs. D'Almaine & Co. of London, Gents' Gold Watches, Cameras, Camera Lenses, Motor Cycle Tyres, English Cradle, Typewriter, etc., etc.

On THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms unclaimed furniture such as very substantial mirrored chests of drawers, glass door English hanging press, mirrored hatstand, dining table, easy chairs, sofas, woodden bedsteads, sliding glass door cupboards, writing tables, towel horses, glass show cases, sewing machines, cabinets, iron beds, dirty clothes baskets chairs, teapoys, carved round tables, class teapoys, theatrical dresses, cinematograph apparatus, English cradle typewriter cameras camera lenses, cottage piano by the wellknown Messrs. D'Almaine & Co. of London, presentation platedware, such as hot water jugs, beer mugs, toast ranks, knifes, forks, spoons, sweet dishes, pepper bottle etc., open face and half hunting English and Swiss gold watches, Treachers Hall, mark silver plated and gold plated presentation cups and bowls, white mettle money purses, 3,000 C.P. Alladin lamp with tank, etc., etc.

Also the property of the concerned such as sofas, chairs, hatstands, teapoys, rocking chairs, easy chairs ice box, pictures, writing tables, round tables, screens etc.

The above goods are on view.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th December, 1916.

MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of Cloth, Yarn, Cotton and Waste of Assorted Sorts in Bales and Loose of the Goolambaba Mills (in liquidation).

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m. (S. T.), in the compound of the Goolambaba Mills, situated at Surat (near Railway Station), by order of the Bank of Baroda Ltd., and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor The Goolambaba Spg. and Wg. Co., Ltd., the following goods:—

373 bales and loose cloth, weighing about 1,58,000 such as long cloth, Charsa, Chudder, Khadi, Chudder, Coloured Charsa, White and Grey Sacconsetts, Nuksi and Patti Dhooties, Towels, Pants, etc., etc.

74 packages and loose yarn, weighing about 26,000 lbs. such as coloured grey and also English.

13 bales Berar cotton, about 55 Khandies mixing cotton loose, about 11,000 lbs. boosdas.

About 1,07,000 lbs cotton waste and about 18,000 lbs. yarn waste of assorted sorts.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE of 223 F. P. Bales (High Class Stapled) Mombassa Cotton.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 12th December, 1916, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Colaba, Apollo Reclamation, near Mr. Bhewanji Lukhmidass Jetha on account of the Insurance Offices, concerned the following cotton and slightly damaged by fire and water:—

223 F. P. bales (high class stapled) Mombassa cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 8th December, 1916.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

21, Medows Street.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, at Proctor Street, formerly known as Dhanji Street, Grant Road.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will by order of Messrs. Mansuklal Hiralal and Mehta, Attorneys to the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Bai Awabai, widow of the late Mr. Sorabji Pestonji Edulkaka, and pursuant to the power of sale granted to the Mortgagee by the indenture of Mortgage, and made between the said Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other, sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 11th day of December, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises the undermentioned property:—

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage or dwelling house and premises standing therein, situate on the Western side of Dhanji Street, now know as Proctor Street, Grant Road without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement two hundred and thirty-six and one-tenth square yards or thereabouts and bearing along with other land of the Lessor Nusserwanji Dorabji Bhada, Collector's Old Nos. 7727, 340, 395, 417 and 547, New Nos. 217354 and 217354, and New Survey Nos. 217354 and 217354, assessed formerly under D Ward No. 1815 (3), and Street No. 14, and now assessed under D Ward Nos. 1815 (2), and Street No. 52, and bounded on or towards the East by a Sweeper's passage, belonging to Janardha Gopal, and beyond that by the property of the said Janardhan Gopal, on or towards the West partly by the vacant land of the said Nusserwanji Dorabji Bhada, and partly by the property of Dossabhoy Cursetji Bilimoria being the western half of the land comprised in the Indenture of Lease dated the 16th day of January, 1900, on or towards the North partly by the vacant land and partly by the private passage of the said Nusserwanji Dorabjee Bhada, and on or towards the South by the Sweeper's passage belonging to Haji Oosman Chotani, and beyond that by the property of the said Haji Oosman Chotani and which said land and premises are now in the possession of the Mortgagor's tenants.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal and Mehta, Attorneys, to the Mortgagee, Medows Street, or of the Undersigned.

TO COLLECTORS OF CURIOS AND WORKS OF ART.

SALE OF CHINESE EBONY FURNITURE CARVED IVORY, OLD AND MODERN BRONZE, BRASSWARE, PORCELAIN, METALWARE, AND SILK GOODS.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will on THURSDAY, the 14th and WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of December, 1916, sell by Public Auction at their sale rooms at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), each day a Choice Assortment of Chinese and Japanese Works of Arts and Curios consisting of Chinese Ebony chairs, revolving chairs, sets of sofas and chairs, stands, benches, skilled works of ivory one valuable tusk enamelled and inlaid on carved ebony figure, artistically carved wood figures, old bronze Tibetan Indian and Japanese Budhas, Bronze incense burners, Bronze Elephants, Bulls, and other animal figures, brass gods, enamel cloisonne on genuine silver, rich Damascene works on steel (worked in gold), China garden seats, jars, tea, sets, silk Mandarine cloaks uniforms with hats, Chinese Ladies 88 boots, silk embroidered bed covers, wall hangings, fire screens, silver enamelled tea sets, meral photo frames, card cases, glove boxes, wooddon trays inlaid with mother O'pearl and similar other articles.

The goods will be on view two days before the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th December, 1916.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20 APOLLO STREET, FORT.

TEL. NO. 3499.

AUCTION SALE ON SUNDAY, THE 17TH DECEMBER, 1916, AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RUBBER TYRED ENGLISH BROUGHAM ETC.

On SUNDAY, the 17th day of December, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on Mahaluxmi Warden Road, in Mr. Cassamalli Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy's Bungalow, very valuable and handsome made to order teak and blackwood household furniture comprising telescopic dining table, handsome mirrored artistic sideboard, handsome dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, arm and armless chairs, meatsafes, rich glass and crockeryware, handsome marble top tables, fancy teapoys, rich velvet and tapestry lined drawing room suite, handsome artistic cabinets, corner cabinets, rich oil paintings, rich table ornaments, roll topped office table, large English marble top peer glasses with stands, kakoo clock, English safe with stand, made to order teak and blackwood double and single bedsteads, handsome mirror door almirahs, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, revolving book cases, jardineers, reclining sofas, secondhand motor tyres, trunks, record stands etc., etc.

1 one rubber tyred English brougham in good order.

The property of "Mr. Cassamalli Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy."

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th December, 1916.

AMUSEMENTS

RELIEF FUND

Dramatic performance by the students of the SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY.

PREMADHWAJA

(Scott's Talisman)

In aid of the

WOMEN'S BRANCH

OF THE

Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund,

FRIDAY, the 15th Dec., 1916 at 9 p.m,

RIPON THEATRE, Grant Road.

Seats, Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1, and Annas 8.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform and wounded soldiers half price.

Tickets may be had from the Head Master, Sir J. J. School of Art, and at the door.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR

6-30 TWICE NIGHTLY, 9-45 P.M.

THE BIG PUSH

TO-NIGHT

"No complete description of this world picture of "The Battle of the Somme" could do justice to it. It is a page of British history in pictures of priceless value, a record of deeds, the memory of which can never die, a picture of a struggle, the telling of which will thrill generations of children yet to come."—*The Evening News*, London 17-7-1916.

H. M. GOVERNMENT TOUR

OF

That Remarkable War Film

THE BATTLE

OF THE

SOMME

AND

H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR

On the Somme Battlefield.

WAR IN ALL ITS HEROISM,

WAR IN ALL ITS RUIN,

WAR IN ALL ITS SACRIFICES.

BRITISH ATTACK ON THE SOMME

July 1st, 1916.

Filmed Right in the Thick of the Battle.

Nothing ever seen like it before.

See the British Troops leap over the Trench Parapets, and advance towards the German Trenches under heavy fire of the enemy.

British Tommies rescuing a comrade under heavy shell fire.

British Wounded and Nerve-shattered Germans after the battle.

German Curtain Fire just outside Minden Post.

Routing Germans from the Dug-outs.

CLEARING THE BATTLEFIELD OF SNIPERS.

Activity at Minden Post where the battle raged furiously. (You can see the front line trenches just a hundred yards away.)

Everything Shown Nothing Censored.

BEFORE THE FIGHT!

THE ATTACK!!

AFTER THE BATTLE!!!

A BIG PAGE IN BRITISH HISTORY.

They show what our brave soldiers had to face in this Great War, and how they faced it.

A GREAT WAR SERMON

Never to be Forgotten.

Sole Director for India and the East:

MAURICE E. BANDMAN.

Owing to the great demand for seats you are advised to book early.

PRICES:

At 6-30 Rs. 3, 2, 1, Annas 8 and 4.

At 9-45 Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and Annas 8.

Free List suspended until further notice.

REMEMBER

By Special Request for one week only.
A MAGNIFICENT FILM MASTERPIECE

UNDINE

Featuring MISS IDA SCHNALL, the champion woman athlete of the world.

NOTHING LIKE THIS PICTURE EVER SHOWN.

THE UNDERWATER SCENES, THE MERMAIDS, THE SEA NYMPHS etc. are simply lovely.

SPARE ONE DAY IN THE WEEK TO SEE THIS.

DO NOT MISS IT

USUAL HALF RATES. Re. 1 to As. 2.

THRICE NIGHTLY:—7, 8-45, 10-30

Seats can be booked at the

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.
Tel. 1882.

APPLY TO-DAY

READY FOR DISPATCH.

"TILAK'S TRIAL." Complete (forming his three speeches, (2) District Magistrate's Judgment, (3) Justices Batchelor and Shah's Judgment, (4) Press Opinions' Tilak's photo frontispiece.

Price annas six only.

T. NAGASUBRAMANYA ROW BROS.

3, Kondi Chetty Street,
MADRAS E.

AMUSEMENTS

RUNAWAY JUNE. RUNAWAY JUNE. RUNAWAY JUNE.

Miracles and adventures on a sea voyage—an awe-inspiring picturesque model operated by an Artist.

"The Spirit of the Marsh"

The beauties of Bermuda Isles, enchanting scenes, the beauties of nature ever screened in Bombay.

This week's instalment of this Society serial displays:

How jealousy is cruel and love is death.

The Sporting DETECTIVE
THRILLING
DRAMATIC
AMUSING

A serial with real grip.
A character that really stirs.

COMING ! COMING !!

The Great Circus Serial

THE PEG O' THE RING

40,000 feet 30 Parts.

played by prominent figures as

LUCILE LOVE AND COUNT HUGO.

"THE RUNAWAY JUNE"

40,000 Feet. 30 Parts.

Endorsed by the Press and Public. Written by the well-known Novelist George Randolph Chester,

[Produced by the World-famed "Reliance" exclusively for

THE NEW **ALHAMBRA CINEMA**

THE POPULAR PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY.

NEW SANDHURST ROAD.

THREE SHOWS NIGHTLY: 7—8-45—and 10-30.

EXTRA MATINEE SHOWS ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS AT 5 P. M.

PRICES OF ADMISSION Re. 1—As. 8, 4 and 2.

THE BARODA OPEN LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

ALL INDIA CHAMPIONSHIPS.

TO BE PLAYED AT BARODA.

From 28th December, 1916, to 5th January, 1917.

THEIR HIGHNESSES the MAHARAJA and MAHARANI of BARODA, wishing to bring together the best Lawn Tennis Players in India, have presented a Challenge Shield and Cups, for Singles and Doubles, to be played for at a tournament which will be held in the grounds of the Laxmivilas Palace from 28th December, 1916, to 5th January, 1917.

The following Committee of management has been appointed.

Prince Dhairyashil Rao Gaekwar (Chairman.)
Major N. G. Shinde. Major R. S. Parab.
A. B. Clarke Esq. Dr. Y. V. Modak
Major B. V. Gaekwar. J. A. D. Naoroji. (Hon. Sec.).

This year it is proposed to have an Open Mixed Doubles event, if there are sufficient entries, in addition to the Open Singles and Open Doubles.

These events are open to all comers who are bona-fide amateurs

I Event: MEN'S OPEN SINGLES-CHAMPIONSHIP OF INDIA

Present holder—M. Sleem (Lahore).

The winner of this event is entitled to hold the MAHARANI CHIMNABAI GAEKWAR CHALLENGE SHIELD (Value Rs. 1,000) for one year. This Shield becomes the property of any man who wins it for three years in succession or four years in all. There will be first, second and third prizes.

1ST PRIZE—Value Rs. 150.
2ND PRIZE—Value Rs. 75.

Equal Third Prizes Value Rs. 50 each if there are sufficient entries.

II EVENT. MEN'S OPEN DOUBLES-CHAMPIONSHIP OF INDIA.

Present holders:—R. D. England (Bombay) & J. A. D. Naoroji (Baroda.).

The winners of this event are entitled to hold the MAHARAJA SAYAJI RAO GAEKWAR CHALLENGE CUPS (Value Rs. 500 each) for one year. These Cups become the property of any pair which wins them for three years in succession or four years in all.

1ST PRIZES—Value Rs. 100 each.
2ND PRIZES—Value Rs. 50 each.

Equal Third Prizes if there are sufficient entries.

III EVENT. MIXED OPEN DOUBLES.

A pair of Challenge Cups have been promised, further details about these cups will be published later.

1st Prizes Rs. 75 each. 2nd Prizes Rs. 40 each.

All Matches to be the best of three advantage sets to be played on the pucca cement courts in the grounds of Laxmivilas Palace and in the Sayaji Vihar Club.

The entrance fees will be Rs. 10 for each player for each event or Rs. 15 for each player for two events or Rs. 20 for each player for all three events and shall be sent in with the entry.

Entries close on the 24th December.

Slazenger's Balls will be used.

As far as practicable Events I and II will be played off first.

The date, time and place of the draw will be advertised later on.

The Committee reserves the right of refusing any entry without assigning a reason, and of making any alterations in the programme.

Arrangements will be made for the accommodation of competitors at fixed rates in both European and Indian styles.

There will be several incidental entertainments during the tournament week.

Competitors are requested to send in their names as early as possible.

Arrangements will be made for practice on the courts if any competitors care to come down two or three days earlier.

The Hon. Sec. will be pleased to answer any inquiries.

J. A. D. NAOROJI,
Hon. Secretary.

Guest House, Baroda. 6275

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY

THE

ROYAL YAKUTI.

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PAB HEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

QUEEN OF BOMBAY,

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.

ANOTHER POPULAR BILL.

Powerful 5-reel drama:

"THE GILDED SPIDER."

An American Millionaire Tourist in Italy grievously wrongs a poor sculptor, and for the remainder of his life the latter seeks revenge. He has a beautiful daughter. In New York a painting of this girl arrests the Millionaire's attention, and her father at last discovers her mother's murderer. The vendetta ends unexpectedly and the girl is, at the finish, happily married.

A SPLENDID COMEDY.

"POTTS BUNGLES AGAIN."

Potts is a reporter. In his zeal he writes scathing article about the town's new police-woman not knowing she is the girl he is in love with. During the chase after a notorious criminal he is arrested accidentally and the police-woman has him in her power. All ends most laughingly and satisfactorily.

A RATTLING COMIC:

ROBINET'S WHITE DRESS

Robinet hails the summer with a magnificent suit of white clothes. Unfortunately while he is in town it rains, and he is splashed with mud from passing vehicles and leans against wet paint. A party of painters throw white-wash all over him and he is once more restored to cleanliness.

THE LAST MAIL'S

PATHE GAZETTE.

Showing:—All working for victory:—The Allied Offensive from Salonica,—Trafalgar Day celebrations,—Honouring their own heroes,—M. Venizelos' reception at Salonica &c., &c.

THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Re. 1/8, Re. 1. Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats, Rs. 2.

ASTHMA

Radical and Sure Cure.

P. O. Meherpur, Nadia.

To
Messrs. K. P. Ray & J. P. Ray Bros.,
Benares City.

DEAR SIRS,

Your famous medicine for Asthma, was bought by me in May last. I took, regularly the medicine from June for one month, thence I am quite free from the troublesome attacks. I have engaged myself to circulate the very good efficacy of your medicine.

I wish to have the Book, the pamphlet and the paper, advising for the up-keep of future health. Name, addresses etc., I mentioned in the below. Please send them at your leisure and oblige.

Name:—Harendra Nath Dutt.
Address:—P. O. Meherpur, District, Nadia.
No. of Posts cards 26910.
When and how long used:—From June, for one month.
Age:—32 years

Yours faithfully,
DR. HARENDRA NATH DUTT,
Meherpur.

Correspondents are requested to quote this paper.

WEATHER REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Dec. 9.

Light rain, has fallen in the extreme south of the Peninsula elsewhere the weather has been dry. The unsettled conditions in Kashmir have disappeared.

Forecast:—No important change.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 8th Dec. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.	
Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.936 Inch.
Temperature of Air	78.6 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71.7 "
Dew Point	68.7 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.722 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	0.2 "
Maximum temperature of Air	85.8 "
Minimum....do....do	72.5 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	E,ESE,W,WNW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours from midnight to midnight	115 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.
	Dec.	h. m.	ft. in.	Dec.	h. m.	ft. in.
Sat.	9	m 10 46	25 9	9	m 5 13	19 11
		11 53a	28 10		4 46a	15 7
Sun.	10	m 11 24	25 8	10	m 5 51	19 8
					5 19a	15 9
Mon.	11	m 0 26	28 9	11	m 6 27	19 7
		0 1a	25 7		5 50a	16 1
Tues.	12	m 0 57	28 6	12	m 7 2	19 7
		0 33a	25 5		6 20a	16 6
Wed.	13	m 1 26	28 2	13	m 7 36	19 7
		1 12a	25 1		6 50a	17 1
Thur	14	m 1 54	27 9	14	m 8 10	19 8
		1 48a	24 9		7 21a	17 10
Fri.	15	m 2 22	27 4	15	m 8 45	19 9
		2 20a	24 5		7 50a	18 8

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Dec.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
" 9 (Saturday)	" 7h. 1m.	" 6h. 2m.
" 10 (Sunday)	" 7h. 1m.	" 6h. 2m.
" 11 (Monday)	" 7h. 2m.	" 6h. 3m.
" 12 (Tuesday)	" 7h. 2m.	" 6h. 3m.
" 13 (Wednesday)	" 7h. 3m.	" 6h. 3m.
" 14 (Thursday)	" 7h. 3m.	" 6h. 4m.
" 15 (Friday)	" 7h. 4m.	" 6h. 4m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quater 1916 Dec. 2nd., 7h. 25.5m. a.m.
Full Moon " " 9th., 6h. 13.9m. p.m.
Last Quarter " " 17th., 11h. 36.4m. p.m.
New Moon " " 25th., 2h. 1.2m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

FOR THE 9TH DECEMBER, 1916.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 9th December 1916. giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect at Agra and normal or in excess elsewhere. Night temperature is in defect at some stations.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in lower Sind and clear elsewhere. Night temperature is generally in defect in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess at Indore and normal or in defect elsewhere. Temperature is in excess during the day but in defect at night in Cutch.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess.

General Remarks.—Conditions are nearly settled in north-west India. Rainfall has been nearly general in south-east Madras.

Local rain is likely in south-east Madras.

HAVE YOU DONE YOUR BIT

Practice *Wise* economy in buying necessaries and help in the war by the resulting saving.

Visit out shop examine inspect and test the quality and prices of our goods and don't buy if you think you can do better elsewhere.

We compel satisfaction.

TYEBBHOY SHAIKH HASSONALLY,

TAILORING OUTFITTING AND TRAVELLING REQUISITES,

SHOP No. 1, Arcade,

Crawford Market, Bombay.

Get a BEAUTIFUL SKIN.

Use VEN-YUSA Every Day.

BY virtue of its novel oxygen qualities Ven-Yusa gives that natural nourishment which alone preserves the freshness of the complexion and the smooth, velvety texture of the skin.

Used by day Ven-Yusa protects the skin from the evil effects of the weather and prevents Roughness, Sallowness, and Smarting. At night Ven-Yusa works in the pores while you sleep, helps to dissipate that tired look by morning, and brings a beauty that wins envy and admiration.

Every lady who takes pride in her personal appearance is, therefore, justified in making daily use of Ven-Yusa to assure that priceless possession—a beautiful skin.

VEN-YUSA

The Oxygen Face Cream

Ven-Yusa is the perfect non-greasy cream at a popular price. It is endorsed in the highest ranks of society and by favourite stage beauties, who appreciate Ven-Yusa's exquisite refinement and natural beautifying power. Sold by all Stores, Chemists, Bazaars and Perfumers, at R. 1 per bottle, or obtainable by post from the Ven-Yusa Co., 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta; Messrs. Kemp & Co., Bombay; E. Brookes & Co., Karachi; E. M. de Souza, Rangoon; or The Colombo Apothecaries' Co., Colombo.

Major Drapkin & Co.

PROPRIETORS OF

NICOLAS SARONY & CO'S

ESTD.

HIGH GRADE VIRGINIA CIGARETTES.

THE "GREYS"

Every Officer smokes "Greys" but your other customers need not wait for their commission before beginning.

Push Greys—it pays; you will say: "Second to None as a good Seller' Your customers will say "Second to None as a Smoke."

Sarony's Virginia	No. 20	in tins of 50	Rs.	2 6
" "	No. 10	" "	"	1 10
Greys	"	" "	"	1 8
Laurel		" "	"	1 6
Hyde Parke		" "	"	1 4
Federal Gold Flake		" "	"	1 2
Imperial Navy Cut		" "	"	1 0

SOLE IMPORTERS:

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON.

ESTD. 1877.

RAMJI BHAGWAN & BROS.,

GOLDSMITHS AND JEWELLERS,

209, SHAIK MEMON ST., BOMBAY.

TELEPHONE No. 674. TELEGRAMS:—MUFFCHAIN.

I-2-3-4-5

BURNERS

BOSS OIL/AIR STOVES

most efficient, safe, easy, simple and economical.

L. ROYSAMPAT

NEW QUEEN'S ROAD,
BOMBAY.

BRANCH No. 4, KASHMIR GATE, DELHI.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 9th.

Jersey Moor Stonehouse New Castle-on-Tyne

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—

Steamer Java Maru for Kobe, etc.

S.S. Jersey Moor:—The steamer Jersey Moor, 4,242 tons, Captain D. Stonehouse, arrived in harbour on Saturday from New-castle-on-Tyne, with ballast.

S.S. Kasato Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Kasato Maru (homeward bound) arrived at Hongkong on the 8th instant.

S.S. Luzon Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Luzon Maru left Singapore for Hongkong (homeward bound) on the 7th instant.

Saturday, 9th December, 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Rinaldo.....Stephens.....J. F. & Co
B. Karoa.....Handcock.....M. M. & Co
C. & R. Bomia.....W. & A. G. & Co
K. Hunnie.....W. & A. G. & Co
M. Firozi.....Grey.....T. M. & Co
N. Elswick Grange...Edwards.....J. M. & Co
P. Georgois.....Perivolms.....L. Dreyfus & Co
Q. Shustar.....Weeks.....H. S. S. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi.....B. S. N. Co
Netravati.....B. S. N. Co
Ponani.....B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Kerman.....Waterlow.....W. & A. G. & Co
2 Culna.....M. M. & Co
3 Jehangir.....T. M. & Co
6 Kansas.....K. N. & Co
7 Ataka Maru.....Jabsen.....O. S. K.
10 & 11 Quiloa.....M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

7 Olympia.....W. & A. G. & Co
8 Scindia.....W. & A. G. & Co
11 Nyanza.....Grant.....M. M & Co
12 Khyber.....P. & O. S. N. Co

H. D. D.

Iperia.....Anderson.....S. W. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Java Maru.....Yanage.....N. Y. K.
Jersey Moor.....Stonehouse.....W. & A. G. & Co
Soyo Maru.....Tataka.....S. W. & Co
Seistan.....

EXPORTS.

Dec. 9.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia (s) 195 cwt. seena leaves, B. Nazer & Co.; 6 pots Rosa oil M. Jafferbhoy; 8 cwt. cashewnuts J. Veerjee.

Hunnee (s) 200 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

Olympia (s) 500 cwt. cashewnut M. Jafferbhoy; 1,000 cwt. mustardseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia (s) 17 bales wool, B. Hurbham; 29 bales wool E. Dossa and Co.; 16 bales wool, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 32 bales cotton H. S. Bode and Son; 55 bales cotton fly H. S. Bode and Sons; 175 bales cotton waste, C. Peraj and Co.

Olympia (s) 14 bales wool, J. Kumalal.

FOR HULL.

Iperia (s) 2,524 cwt. castor seed, Cox's Shipping Agency; 434 cwt. linseed, D. B. Khan & Co.

Kerman (s) 2,560 cwt. cotton seed, 7,800 cwt. groundnuts, 14,000 cwt. gingellyseed, and 15,640 cwt. linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.; 4,000 cwt. cottonseed, 15,000 cwt. castorseed, 2,000 cwt. groundnuts, and 1,974 cwt. barley Volkart Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Khyber (s) 43 cwt. indigo, King King and Co.; 20 cwt. butter H. Curranee and Co.; 36 cwt. milk powder, H. Curranee and Co.; 102 cwt. gum Arabic S. Khatau & Co.

Elswick Range (s) 2,000 cwt. castorseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia (s) 4,000 cwt. wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ataka Maru (s) 254 bales cotton N. K. Kaisha; 1,000 bales cotton N. M. K. Kaisha.

Nyanza (s) 1,300 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, K. Devchand and Co.; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum & Co.; 2,200 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

Kaigo Maru (s) 300 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.; 300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Ataka Maru (s) 500 bales cotton N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR HONG KONG.

Nyanza (s) 120 cwt. fishmaws and sharkfins R. Dhanji & Co.; 2 cwt. corriander seed, 3 cwt. juraseed, 8 cwt. gramdall, 5 cwt. mossoor dall, 3 cwt. mussoor, 5 cwt. moong dall, N. C. Bhisania & Co.; 666 bales cotton twist Sassoon J. David and Co.; 6 bales cotton twist I. David; 1,000 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 55 cwt. sharkfins, A. Chagla & Co.; 25 cwt. sharkfins, 18 cwt. fishmaws, E. Molidina; 53 cwt. seena leaves, N. C. Bhisania & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nyanza (s) 100 bales cotton twist I. David; 334 bales cotton twist Sassoon J. David & Co.

IMPORTS.

S.S. Quiloa from Rangoon—Agents M. M. and Co. 152,616 bags rice, 7 cases cigars, 1 bundle rugs, 45 cases sugar, 5 cases butter, 77 cases and 20 bales cotton piece-goods, 2 cases cheroots, 15 bundles Tarpaulin, 50 casks hides, 1 case silver plate, 4,082 cases candles, 41 bags castorseed, 18 pieces ivory, 22 cases woolen goods.

NUMBER OF FIRMS

in every trading line, successfully represented.

Total EXEMPTION or partial ABATEMENT secured.

CURSONDAS & Co.,

F. L. A. A. etc., (London).

INCOME TAX EXPERTS.

24, Elphinstone Circle.

Telephone No. 402.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Dec. 8th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	6,000
" " " on Spec. & for Exp.	600
" " " of East Indian	250
" " Imports	30,000
Mid. Americans	12.05
Egyptian F. G. F.	20.80
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	Mar. 19.73 / May 19.98
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Mar. 19.30 / May 19.55

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Dec. 8th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Months.	To-day's price
December	11.8e
Dec.-Jan.	11.87
Jan.-Feb.	11.91
Feb.-Mar.	11.96
Mar.-Apl.	12.04
Apl.-May.	12.04
May-June	12.15
June-July	12.15
July-Aug.	12 15
Aug.-Sept.	11.89
Sept-Oct.	11.32
Oct.-Nov.	11.17
Nov.-Dec.	11.12

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Dec. 8th.

Months	To-day's closing price.
December	11.63
Dec.-Jan.	11.63
Jan.-Feb.	11.67
Feb.-March	11.73
March-April	11.79
April-May	11.84
May-June	11.89
June-July	11.89
July.-Aug.	11 88
Aug-Sept	11.65
Sept.-Oct.	11.05
Oct.-Nov.	10.89
Nov.-Dec.	10.79

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Dec. 8th.

Months.	To-day's price.
March	18.70
May	18.65
July	18.65

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 7th.

Day's Exports to Great Britain	23,000
" " to Continent	14,000
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9¼
Demand Bills	4.75.35
Silver Commercial Bars	75⅞

New York, Dec. 9th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	36,000
Futures at New York March	19.05
" " May	19.25
Spot Cotton at New York	18.75
" " New Orleans Nominal	19.63
Futures at New Orleans March	18.57
" " May	18.82

The Hon. Mr. H. U. Cobb, Resident, held a durbar at Mysore when he presented the Kaiser-i-Hind Silver Medal to the Rev. H. Gulliford a recipient of birthday honours. He was the Principal of the Wesleyan High School for many years and editor of the vernacular weekly "Urittanta Patrika." He has been in India since 1877.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR,

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,

Oculists, Scientific Refractionists and MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS MANUFACTURERS AND SUPPLIERS OF THE PATENTED the invisible "KRYPTOK" one-piece bi-focal lens.

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Nervous Dyspepsia

The Modern Scourge and How to Meet it.

The pace at which we live, the hustle now so necessary for success, have unfortunately a very bad effect on the nervous and digestive systems; and this high pressure, increased lately to an alarming degree, often sows the seeds of more deadly trouble. But a sure and safe cure is at hand in that famous British Remedy, Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

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Neurasthenia
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Stomach Disorders
Wasting Diseases
Vital Exhaustion
General Debility

and as a protection against Malaria, Dysentery, and infectious complaints.

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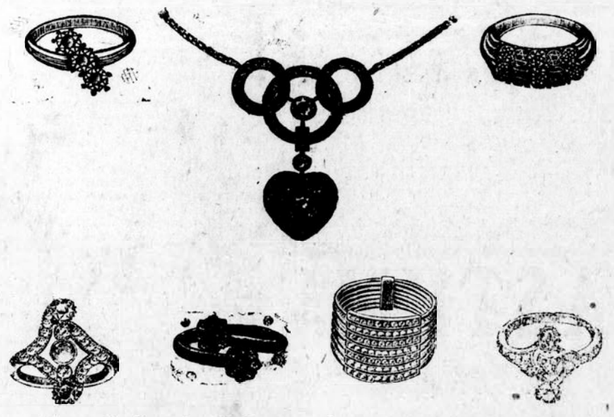

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HIGH COURT.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ALLEGED ABDUCTION OF A PERSIAN GIRL.

VISIT TO MR. GODINHO'S OFFICE.

(Before Mr. Justice Beaman.)

KING-EMPEROR v. TAR MAHOMED NOOR MAHOMED.

In this case the accused Tar Mahomed Noor Mahomed was charged with kidnapping Nazni, a minor under sixteen years of age, from the lawful guardianship of her husband, Haji Mehdi bin Haji Ahmed Saif, in order that she might be induced to illicit intercourse, and with enticement, concealment and detention.

Mr. A. Khan with Mr. M. K. Azad, instructed by Messrs. Mirza, Mirza and Mangaldas, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. J. D. Davar with Mr. K. M. Talyarkhan and Mr. R. J. Mody, instructed by Messrs. Patel and Ezekiel, appeared for the defence.

The prosecution story was that the accused had enticed away the girl to Poona, from where he had taken her to Deccan Hyderabad. The girl had valuable ornaments on her body. The accused lived with the girl for some time in Poona and on their return back alighted at Lanowla.

The girl was found missing at 2 a.m. on the day of her elopment and her parents along with her husband informed Inspector Power of the Pydhoni Police Station.

The next day the father of the girl, Mirza Ali Akbar Bakir, submitted a petition to the Commissioner of Police praying that his daughter may be discovered and restored to him and in consequence, the accused was arrested and the girl was restored to her parents.

Dr. J. B. C. De Costa, examined by Mr. Khan said he had known Mirza Ali Akbar Bakar since about 1900, professionally. He used to treat Bakar's son then. The other child was this girl, who was born in 1902. He knew her age because they were next-door neighbours; also because he had a daughter born in May, 1902, and this girl was born two or three months after that.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davar, the witness said he would pledge his oath that this was the girl born in 1902 and at 15, Parel Road.

Mr. Vinayak Balkrishna, a clerk in the Municipal Health Department, examined by Mr. Khan, produced the register of births for August 1902. He said it mentioned the birth of a female child on the 25th July 1902, born to Fatma wife of Mirza Ali Akbar Bakar.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davar, the witness said the parents or the nearest relations supplied information for the entries in the births register. They were liable to make mistakes.

Mr. Davar tendered an entry which he said would show that the first entry produced referred to another child born that time.

Mr Purshotam Narayan Apte, vaccination clerk, examined by Mr. Mirza, produced an entry stating that one Nazni was vaccinated in February 1904.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davar, the witness said the general rule was that children were vaccinated when they were six months old and there was nothing to show why in this case the vaccination had been postponed for eighteen months.

Mirza Ali Akbar Bakar, examined by Mr. Khan, said he was known as Kermani because he came from Kerman. He was not known as Shirazi. There was a baker in the Fort of the name of Mirza Ali Akbar Shirazi. Witness had owned an eating-house. He had a daughter named Sugra. He came from Persia about 30 or 34 years ago. He had two wives in all. Fatma was his first wife's name. She had four children.

Nazni Bibi was the youngest. At first she was called Fatma. Nazni was the pet name. She was born on the 27th July 1902. Nazni was married last year to an Arab gentleman named Haji Mehdi. After her marriage she went to reside with her husband on the fourth floor of Princess Building. Opposite this building was a house which was occupied by Memons. At present witness' daughter resided in his house. She came to reside there when she was brought to Bombay by the Police. Some months ago he (witness) was sleeping in his house, when about 2 a.m. his mother came to him and told him Nazni was missing. That day Nazni had been to his house in the afternoon and stopped there till sunset. He went to Inspector Mahomed Taki and Inspector Power. On Monday, witness went to Mr. Godinho's office, where he saw the accused whom he had not known previous to that. He went to Mr. Godinho's office to send an application to the Commissioner of Police but Mr. Godinho refused, saying he had got the case from the other side.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davar, the witness said he was ill and his memory was bad but he did not mix up matters. It was not true that he had made the entries in the family prayer book for the purposes of this prosecution, before the book went to the Police Court. It was not true that Nazni used to stand at the window with her veil off. One could gesticulate even through the veil if one wished. (Laughter). He had not seen her gesticulate to anybody. She was a truthful girl. If Nazni had signalled to somebody in the club or had been signalled to, somebody should have noticed that. When he went to Mr. Godinho's office there were two Arabs with him. He did not know nor did he instruct them to take up their positions below Mr. Godinho's office or to create a row when the accused and Nazni came down from Mr. Godinho's office. He did not then suspect that his daughter was there in Mr. Godinho's office. His daughter and son-in-law had been on good terms with each other and he had perfect confidence in her. They never made a complaint. She was not cruelly treated either at witness' house on account of her step-mother or at her husband's house. The step-mother used to treat her as her own child.

Re-examined by Mr. Mirza, the witness said the ladies of his house had their faces covered up from strangers. If, however, there were no strangers there they would not do so.

THE SIGNALLING.

Nazni, examined by Mr. Mirza, said she was married about a year ago to Haji Mehdi. After she went to reside with her husband, she went at times to her father's place. She knew the accused. The acquaintance was made in this way,—she had gone to her father's house; there was a religious ceremony going on on the first floor of that house; she attended the ceremony; the accused caught her at the staircase and gave her a handkerchief, a ring and a "pan." She ate the "pan" and kept the handkerchief and the ring. She had seen the accused before this. The first time she noticed him was about a fortnight before the ceremony. He signalled to her that she should go to him. He showed a necklace, and all sorts of fruits to attract her. She signalled back to say that she would not go.

Witness further said she did not know it was a club but the accused told her afterwards. Her father's house had three windows, two of which overlooked the road and the other the club. The accused's servant brought her letters from the accused, which were written in Urdu. She did not know how to read Urdu. She destroyed the letters. The servant told her she was wanted by his master, and she made no answer to that. This was after the staircase incident. A fortnight after the staircase incident she left her husband's house. On the evening of the night when she left her husband's house she had been to her father's house about 3 p.m. when the accused signalled twice or thrice to her but showed her no necklace. At 7 p.m. she returned to her husband's house, had her meals at 9 p.m. and then she felt confused and hot and took a bath and something prompted her to leave the house. That evening he made signs to her. Her husband was asleep at 9 p.m. Before that he was with a guest in another room. She did not dine with her husband that night. She left the house about 11 p.m., when her husband was asleep. The last signals the accused had made to her were two hours previous to her leaving the house. When she went down the accused's servant Mahmood met her and took her in a victoria to the house where the club was situated. From there they drove in a victoria, the accused by her side, to the house of one Bachu at Dadar. Her head was not covered at that time. Whilst driving to Dadar the accused asked her if she had a husband and she said "yes". To this the accused did not say anything at all. Subsequently the gharry was stopped by a sepoy. She was being taken forcibly away to the Mullani's house.

"MR. GODINHO WOULD NOT ALLOW HER TO GO TO HER FATHER."

At 5 p.m., that day the accused came in a motor car to the Mullani's house and he took witness in the car to Mr. Godinho's house. Mr. Godinho was in and he asked her her name and when she had left her house. She gave answers and Mr. Godinho told the accused to take her away and bring her the next day. The accused then took her to the house of one Hussein at Dadar, where they arrived at 6 p.m. and had their meals. A room was then given to them and they slept in the room. There was nobody else in the room besides themselves. The next day they went again to Mr. Godinho's office where sometime after, her father came with two Arabs. She wanted to go to her father but Mr. Godinho would not allow her to go to her father and concealed her in a room. She had her evening meals there and was there till 9 p.m. Mr. Godinho advised them to go to Poona. Then somebody was sent to the accused's house and he returned with some clothes and bedding. When Mr. Godinho told them to go to Poona he advised her to change her dress. She changed from a Persian into a Memon female dress. The accused and Abdulla, and Cikandar Ali were present when Mr. Godinho gave this advice. They left Mr. Godinho's office in a motor car. Mr. Godinho sent two men with them. They drove to the Dadar station and from there went to Poona by train. The accused and she lived as husband and wife. Seven or eight days after Abdulla came and told them that they were wanted by a Parsi pleader and they came to Bombay. The accused got down at Lonavla and she proceeded to Bombay with Usman and others. She stopped only for a day in Bombay. She had an interview with a Parsi pleader, to whom she was taken by the accused's brother. The pleader asked her what her name and her age was. Haji Abdulla had told her previously to give her age as eighteen and she did accordingly.

His Lordship: Who was the pleader?

Mr. Mirza: Mr. Kapadia.

Witness further said that Mr. Godinho came up there and some conversation ensued between him and the Parsi pleader and she was advised to go to Hyderabad. There the accused described her as Nur-ul-nisa and himself as Jaffer Hassam. They lived as husband and wife there and also on their return to Poona.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davar, the witness said she did not complain to anybody when the accused signalled to her, because she was afraid of her husband and father.

The further hearing was adjourned.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 11TH OF DECEMBER, 1916.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES.

1102-15—Captain and V, Bai Paesi widow v Amratlal Baldeodas and anr, Soondardas and Co.

391-14—Daphtary F and D, Peter Manoel Rodrigues and ors v Perozshaw Jamsetji Joshi and anr, Wadia G and Co.

685-13.—Captain and V, Seth Lalbhai Tricumlal v. Kacharabhoy Kusturchand Ghandi, Motichand & D.

1461-15—Merwanji K and Co, The State of Cambay v Dulabhdas Ruttonji Mistry, Edgelow G W and Co.

1288-15.—Bhaishanker K & G, Kilachand Devchand & Co., a firm v. The Berar Oil Works Ld., Dikshit D & P.

857-15—Mulla and M, Messrs Doongersey Versey and Co a firm v Hoosein-khan Ahmedkhan and ors, Judah and S.

1158-15—N C Dalal, Chandulal Valumji v Javerchand Pitamber, Motichand and D.

1445-15.—Unwalla P & P, Abdul Karim Haji Siddick v. Ratna Lala & Co., a firm, Rustomji & G, Unwalla P & P.

153-16—Judah and S, Doming Vaz v Jakaria Cassum alias Jakaria Baloo and anr, Tyabjee D and Co.

318-16.—Captain and V, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Dewkabai widow and ors, Surajmal & Co.

1125-14.—Ardeshir H D & Co., R. D. Sethna v. Waghji Waera and ors, Daphtary F and D.

607-16—Motichand and D, Jaisingji Mohanlal Dalal v Mulchand Jekissondas and Co a firm, Edgelow G W and Co.

329-16.—Matubhai J & M, Abdulla Allarkahia & Co., a firm v. Mahomed Hoosein Hirji.

174-16.—Vachha and Co., Ismail Haji Allarakhia & anr v. Fatma Begum, Jehangir & Seervai.

1450-15.—Ardeshir H D & Co., Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal v. Birdichand Jivraj and anr, Matubhai J & M.

321-16.—Tyabji D and Co., A H Vishram v. The Hon'ble Mr. Haji Sulleman Abdul Wahed & ors, Patell & Ez.

768-15.—C P D'Cunha, Robert Nicholas De Monte and anr, v. Alexander Pereira & ors, Daph F & D.

551-16—Jehang'r M and Somji Bhugwan Tullock and Co a firm v Jagannath Dharmaji Patel, Jamsetjee R and D.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

FOR DECREE ABSOLUTE.

570-13—Captain and V—Ismail Haji Noor Mahomed Lassaw v. Hirabai Khan L and M.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES.

286-16—Mulla & M—Haji Mirza Ali Akbar Dehdusty v. Haji Mahomed Reza Meghji and Bros., a firm and anr, Little and Co. Part heard.

1315-15—Motichand and D Parmanand Dhanji and anr v Bai Larvini widow and ors Pandia and Co. Little & Co.

450-16—Captain and V—Fatmabai widow v. Shirinbai widow, Manchershaw and N.

468-16.—Surveyor & Co., Manjoobai, widow v. Laxmon Meoghaji Patel & anr, Jehangir M & S.

1326-14.—Bhaishanker K & G, Ebji Umersey, a firm v. Madhavji Virji and ors, Madhowjee K & C, Shroff D & D.

552-16.—Malvi H M & R, Messrs Hurnandrai Fulchand, a firm v. Dhunnalal Birdichand and anr, Amin and Desai.

1333-15.—Payne & Co., Isela Macropole, widow v. Allexandra Macropola and anr.

413-16.—Nadirshaw and D, Chandabai Bayabai Bapuji Malwanker v. Mooktabai Malwanker, D J Mantri.

1448-15.—Sabnis & G, Bai Nandibai widow & anr v. Jivibai widow, Edg G W & Co.

73-15.—Dubash & Co., Ibrahim Mahomed Haji Ismail v. Fatmabai, & ors, Mulla & Mulla.

620-16.—Motichand & D, Sha Runshi Punshi v. Sha Shivji Gosher & ors, Pandia & Co.

142-16.—Daphtary F & D, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Mahomedally Allibhoy Kachwalla, & ors, S H Tyabji, Ard H D & Co.

1182-15.—S A Tyabji, Bhicoobai widow v. Hariba Raghooji Jambookar, & ors, Craigie B & C. Amin & Dasai, Man & N M B Chotia.

Mr. Charles R. Harvey, an Englishman, writes to "New India" adversely criticising the proposal for compulsory military service for Anglo-Indians in India.

The Rajah
as well as his subjects, find in Horlick's Malted Milk an ideal Food-drink, for not only is it delicious in flavour, but it helps Nature to brace up the flagging energy and tones the system completely.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
is packed in Glass Bottles, made in 3 sizes. No advance in prices. Can be obtained of all Stores and Bazaars in the East. No cooking, add water only.
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INFANTS, INVALIDS AND TRAVELLERS

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Big Crystal Aina ... ... Rs. 6—0—0
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ELECTRO TONIC PEARLS

Build up, Brace up, Tone up, Wake up: get ready for the coming monsoon days. Banish from the system the weariness and lassitude left over from summer. Restore the run-down condition, strengthen the blood, increase the appetite, build up old or young, as the need may be. The most marvellous remedy on the face of the earth, for invalids, convalescents, for weak ladies and busy, active adults.

BUILD UP
BRACE UP
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WAKE UP

Rs. 2-0-0 for a bottle of 40 Pearls.

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COMMERCIAL.

LATEST CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 8.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	2,000
Total Forwarded	90,000
Total Imports	81,000
Total Stock	701,000
Actual Weekly Sales	38,000

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Dec. 8.

Consols 2½ %	54 1/8—1/8.
Rupee Paper 3½ %	49½ No change
Indian Stock 3½ % (Sterling Loan)	64—½.
Government Securities 3 %	55—½.

EXCHANGE.

On London at Paris, Francs... 27.80 No change.

WAR LOANS.

3½ % 1925—1928	£83¾ No change.
4½ % 1925—1945	£95 plus 1/8.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Not offered.

LONDON, Dec. 8.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Barletta Russo—62½ lbs., Afloat Paid. 78

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley, January Buyers. 67/6

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata), White Bold Gingelly, Dec.-Jan., nominal. 29 5/10

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozopore usual Bold, Dec.-Jan., Buyers. 90

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship, Dec.-Jan., quoted. 93

Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship, Nov.-Dec., nominal. 87/6

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship, Dec.-Jan., Afloat. 94

Toria Rapeseed, Dec.-Jan. 94

RUBBER.

Para Rubber fine hard cure, Jan., Value. 3/5

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Dec. 3/3½

Tone—Flat but closed firmer.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Jan.-Feb.	24/1½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay, Jan.-Feb.	24/4½
RaW Java, C. & F. Karachi, Jan.-Feb.	24/5½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta, Jan.-Feb.	27/1½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay, Jan.-Feb.	27/4½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi, Jan.-Feb.	27/5½

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£171
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£152
Copper Braziers	£188
Yellow Metal	172
Hard Spelter	66

FREIGHT.

Coals: Cardiff to Bombay Canal, nominal.

CRICKET AT JAMMU.

THE BOMBAY YOUNG CRICKETERS V. THE MAHARAJA OF KASHMIR CRICKET CLUB.

This match was played at Jammu on Wednesday, the 29th and 30th November, when the game resulted in a draw. Scores:—

THE BOMBAY YOUNG CRICKETERS.

1st Innings.

S Divekar 27, Y A Madan 6, W B Talpade 0, P Gunpat 16, K A Date 9, K R Swami 0, M B Rao 1, D L Pupala 21, P Baloo (Capt) 0, B Atmaram 0, V M Jayakar 6, M A Talpade 6, extras 15. Total 95.

2nd Innings.

S Divekar 14, Y A Madan 36, W B Talpade 46, P Gunpat 13, K A Date 3, K R Swami 5, M B Rao 1, D L Pupala 36, P Baloo (Capt) 3, B Atmaram 0, V M Jayakar 20, M A Talpade 9, extras 8. Total 194.

THE MAHARAJA OF KASHMIR CRICKET CLUB.

1st Innings.

Ferozkhan 32, Mahamad Iqbal 33, Maneckchand 4, Salamat Rai 62, Baktai Ram 17, Noor Ilhai 9, Ramkisan 3, A H Mehta 3, C D Farquhar 3, Col. Mannersmith 2, Sale Mahomed 0, H H Maharaja 8, extras 9. Total 185.

2nd Innings.

Mahamad Iqbal 23, Salamat Rai 4, Ramkisan 14, Sale Mahomed 0, Ferozkhan, Maneckchand, Baktai Ram, Noor Ilhai, A H Mehta, C D Farquhar, Col Mannersmith and H H Maharaja, did not bat; extras 3. Total 41.

CRICKET AT PATIALA.

BOMBAY YOUNG CRICKETERS V. THE RAJINDRA GYMKHANA CLUB.

This match was played at Patiala on the 2nd and 3rd December, when the game resulted in a draw. Scores:—

THE BOMBAY YOUNG CRICKETERS.

1st Innings.

S K Divekar, b Tarrant, 1; V M Jayakar, l-b-w, Jayasing, 1; D L Pupala l-b-w, Tarrant, 18, W B Talpade, run out, 10, K A Date, c Col Jogendrasing, b Tarrant, 1; K R Swami, b Tarrant, 43; P Gunpat, c Aziz, b Tarrant 44, Y A Madan, l-b-w, b Abdul Aziz, 20; M B Rao, c Aziz, b Tarrant, 9; V Laxmonji, run out, 3; M A Talpade, c Col Jagendrasing, b Tarrant, 4; P Baloo (Capt), not out 2; extras 4. Total 160.

2nd Innings.

D L Pupala, b Tarrant, 0; V M Jayakar, b Tarrant, 13; K A Date, l-b-w, b Tarrant, 9; W B Talpade, c Col Jogendrasing, b Jayasing, 8; S K Divekar, not out, 34; K R Swami, b Tarrant, 12; P Gunpat, not out, 47; the rest did not bat. Total 123.

THE RAJINDRA GYMKHANA CLUB.

1st Innings.

Sirdar Bhutaram, b W Talpade, 1; Col Jogendrasing, b W Talpade, 11; H H the Maharaja, c Date, b Talpade, 1; Major Tarachand, not out, 33; L M Crump, c Pupala, b W Talpade, 3; F A Tarrant, c Rao, b W Talpade, 28; Badesi Ram, b Talpade, 0; Abdul Aziz, b P Baloo, 1; Abdul Ganni, l-b-w, b P Baloo, 1; S Jayasing, b P Baloo, 1; Capt Jaswatsing, did not bat; extras 4. Total 84.

2nd Innings.

H. H. the Maharaja, b W B Talpade, 6; Capt Jaswatsing, b W B Talpade, 2; Col Jogendrasing, b W B Talpade, 14; Crump, b W B Talpade, 4; F A Tarrant, not out, 22; Sirdar Bhutaram, c Gunpat, b P Baloo, 3; Major Tarachand, c Divekar, b W B Talpade, 9, the rest did not bat, extras 7. Total 67.

CALCUTTA RACES.

SECOND EXTRA MEETING.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 9.

Owing to the large number of entries received the Casuarina Plate was split up into two and there were seven races carded.

The racing all through was exciting, particularly in the handicaps, but in the Peel Plate Highfield Lady won with ridiculous ease. This and Knight's Key in the first race were the only two favourites that came home. There were no startling dividends to-day, still as in many cases the second favourites came in. Totalizators returned good dividends. All twelve firms of bookmakers were present and did good business and on the whole must be on the credit side. The attendance, though slightly better than on the opening day, was not very much.

Details:—

THE CANAL HURDLE PLATE.—R. C. and Distance over 7 Flights.

Mr. Goculdas' KNIGHT'S KEY, 10-3, Northmore 1
Mrs. Owen's SALTUKOFF, 10-3, Barker ... 2
Mr. Garda's GRAVELOTTE, 10-3, Mc-Neilage 3

Also Ran:—Bellower 10-10, Turbulent 10-10, Sumurun 10-10, Maxina 10-3.

Betting:—3 to 2 Knight's Key, 5 to 2 Gravelotte, fours Saltikoff, tens to twenties the rest.

The Race:—Maxina hit the first hurdle hard and was pulled up. From even start Saltikoff led followed by Turbulent and Sumurun, then Bellower, Knight's Key and Gravelotte, being together last. From the milepost the last two began to go up and by six furlong post occupied the second and third positions respectively. Saltikoff was first over the last hurdle, but on the flat Knight's Key beat him by 4 lengths; ten lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—3 mins. 24 2/5 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 27 for Win, and Rs. 18 and Rs. 25 for Places.

THE GROVE HANDICAP.—Distance 2 Miles over 8 Flights.

Mr. Curlis Hayward's DOLLY SCHOMBERG, 9-8, Williamson 1
Mrs. Bleaches' ORIFLAMME, 9-12, McNeilage 2
Mr. Norton's SIMON'S LIGHT, 10-4, Barker 3

Also Ran:—Encore 9-6, Tarfoot 11-7, Little Sim 11-7 (fell).

Betting:—Threes Oriflamme, 7 to 2 each Little Sim and Dolly Schomberg, eights the rest.

The Race:—Tarfoot led from Oriflamme, Little Sim and Encore with Dolly Schomberg and Simon's Light last. There was no change till the field reached the hurdle at the big tree, where Little Sim fell. Tarfoot now dropped right behind the field and Oriflamme took up the lead with Dolly Schomberg coming fast. She went on winning easily by 4 lengths; 3 lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—3 mins. 58 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 36 for Win, and Rs. 19 and Rs. 22 for Places.

THE HARRISON PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr. Coningham's BLACKMAILER, 7-12, Clarke 1
Mr. Goculdas' ROYAL AMBITION, 9-6, W. Huxley 2
Mr. Kelso's SCREAMER, 9-1, F. Templeman 3

Also Ran:—Stage Fright 7-4, Santa Barbara 9-4, Boss Lee 8-3, Sugar Loaf 9-2, Shining Way 8-12, Spenser 8-6, Canberra, Bodenham 8-2, Fredie 8-0 (cd. 8-5), Yonkers 8-0 (cd. 8-1), Lady Betty 7-2, Blue Sapphire 7-0.

Betting:—3 to 2 Screamer, fives Spenser, sixes Royal Ambition, tens Shining Way and Fredie, twenties the rest.

The Race:—The horses lined up in two rows. Stage Fright proved fractious and was left at length. Bodenham, Santa Barbara and Blackmailer led in company, while Shining Way, Fredie and Spenser were all within striking distance, the rest tailing off. Near Zeerut opening the two first dropped and Screamer and Royal Ambition moved up. A great race ensued, heads separating the first three.

Time:—2 mins. 8 4/5 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 342 for Win, and Rs. 67, Rs. 20 and Rs. 18 for Places.

THE DECEMBER PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. R. R. S.'s SILVER BALM, 9-9, F. Templeman 1
Mr. Pallonji's RADIANT, 8-12, Wing ... 2
Mr. Merven's DERSINGHAM, 8-12, Barrett 3

Also Ran:—Sein Net 7-10, Evett 9-9, Marcianus 9-5, Laveco 8-7.

Betting:—6 to 4 on Radiant, 7 to 2 Silver Balm, fives Dersingham, tens Evett, twenties the rest.

The Race:—Dersingham and Sein Net led from Evett, Silver Balm and Radiant, the others two lengths off. From hospital bend Silver Balm and Radiant were given their heads. Passing the leaders near the distance post Silver Balm won easily by 3½ lengths; 2 lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 min. 27 3/5 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 51 for Win, and Rs. 19 and Rs. 15 for Places.

THE DEI SUARINA PLATE. Division I. —Distance 6 Furlongs.

Messrs. Donetil and Page's GUESS, 8-6, Buckley 1
Mr. Galstaun's BATTLEHURST, 8-9, Wing 2
Mr. Dass' WARDEN, 8-11, Ruiz 3

Also Ran:—Home Brew 9-3, Tollendal 8-3, Druid 9-4, Kitty O'Hara 9-2, Gibberish 9-1, Final Proof 8-13, Hospodar 8-13, Done Again 8-12, Kiltie 8-3, Sungrebe 8-0.

Betting:—Threes Gibberish, 7 to 2 Tollendal and Guess, sevens Home Brew and Warden.

The Race:—Home Brew, Warden and Tollendal were first out of the gate with all the rest in compact body coming next, barring Guess and Druid. The last named did not improve his position, but Guess overtook her field, with Battlehurst coming strong on the rails. Guess won by 1½ lengths; neck between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 min. 16 1/5 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 84 for Win, and Rs. 31, Rs. 165 and Rs. 40 for Places.

THE CASUARIANA PLATE. Division II. —Distance 6 Furlongs.

Mr. Choraria's LADY DORIS, 7-4, Vincent 1
Mr. Lander's STAR OF INDIA, 9-5, W. Huxley 2
Mr. Galstaun's CASTLE VITE, 8-11, Wing 3

Also Ran:—St. Alban 8-12, Hookoo 8-12, Edmyne 8-12, White Sapphire 8-11, Don't Be Late 8-8, Little Star 8-8, Tobique 8-2, Tarquin 7-8, Decamp 7-6, Honeylands 7-3.

Betting:—3 to 2 Star of India, 9 to 2 Castle Vite, fives White Sapphire, eights St. Alban and Little Star, fifteens the rest.

The Race:—Edmyne was left. Lady Doris jumped to the front with White Sapphire and Castle Vite next. Star of India a few lengths off. White Sapphire soon dropped off and after a desperate race the leader won by bare ¾ length; ½ length between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 min. 16 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 244 for Win, and Rs. 41, Rs. 17 and Rs. 17 for Places.

THE PEEL PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Mr. Peter's HIGHFIELD LADY, 8-6, F. Templeman 1
Mr. Bate's MASONIC, 7-13, Buckley ... 2
Messrs. Swan and Hilliard's YOD, 7-12, Vick 3

Also Ran:—Go On 8-0, Archer Spinner 8-4 Sidonia 6-7 (cd. 6-12).

Betting:—5 to 2 on Highfield Lady, threes Masonic, eights Go On, tens Archer Spinner, fifteens Yod.

The Race:—Highfield Lady jumped to the front and never being headed won easily by 1½ lengths; 2½ lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 min. 16 4/5 secs.

Totalizators Paid:—Rs. 17 for Win, and Rs. 12 and Rs. 14 for Places.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Parsi: 2nd of Tir, 1286.
Hindu: 2nd of Margashirsh (Vad), 1973.
Mahomedan: 15th of Safar, 1335.
Sunrise: 7h. 2m. 6h. 3m.
Phases of the Moon: New Moon, 25th Dec.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. Karoa will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

Excelsior Theatre: 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. "The Battle of the Somme."

TUESDAY, December 12.

Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting, Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, 3 p.m.

The English Mail per s.s. Khyber will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p.m. Registered letters will be accepted up to 1 p.m. and parcels up to 12 noon.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per s.s. Somali via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. Parcel mail for China closes at 6-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, December 13.

Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, December 14.

Excelsior Theatre: Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon will visit this Theatre for "The Battle of the Somme" performance at 6-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: 6-30 and 9-45.
Royal Opera House, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: at 6-30 and 10 p.m. every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday, 10 p.m., Show every Sunday at 6-30 at Edwardes.
New Alexandra Cinema, Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road.
West End Cinema, Charni Road: 6-45, 8-30 and 10.
New Alhambra Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA WAR HOSPITAL.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry., Volunteers, will play a programme of music this evening commencing at 6 o'clock.

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, this evening, commencing at 6 o'clock.

1ST TROOP BOMBAY BADEN POWELL BOY SCOUTS.

Orders for the week ending Saturday December, 16th.

Bombay, Dec. 8.

Wednesday, December 13:—Plain clothes parade on Maidan at 5-30 p.m. sharp. Troop drill and patrol instruction. Cubs—Instruction in Scouting.

Saturday, December 16th:—Uniform parade on Maidan at 4 p.m. sharp, staves to be carried.

Temporary Appointments:—

Actg. P/L B. Banks to be Patrol Leader Kangaroo Patrol.

Actg. P/L. Ezekiel to be Second Kangaroo Patrol.

Actg. Sec. E. Nissen to be Actg. Patrol Leader Beaver Patrol.

Actg. Sec. Wilkinson to be Actg. Patrol Leader Wolf Cubs.

Enrolments:—G. P. Rozario having applied is taken on the strength and is posted to the Beaver Patrol.

Blue Shorts:—Must now be in possession of every scout. To be worn on "Ceremonial Parades" only.

A. G. FOOX,
A/S/M. in charge 1st Troop Bombay Baden Powell Boy Scouts.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

COMPETITIONS.

CARTER CUP.

Teams of 5 from sub-sections of the Artillery Companies and from sections of the E. E. Company under an N. C. O.
Ranges 200, 300 and 500 yards.
Targets, Bisley (Bull's eye, Match).
Marking Bisley (Match 5, 4, 3, 2).
Sights Regulation.
Shots 1 Sighter and 7 at each range.
Silver medals to each member of the Winning Team provided 4 complete teams compete. Silver medal to the man making the highest aggregate score in each complete losing team.

INTER-COMPANY CUP.

Teams of 6 a side from Companies.
Ranges, Targets, Marking, Sights and Shots, as for the Carter Cup.
Silver medals to each member of the winning team, provided 3 complete teams compete.
The Carter and Inter-Company Cup competitions are to be held simultaneously.
Note:—Probable date of the competitions, January 6th, 1917.
General:—All above competitions to be decided before March 31st, 1917. All members must be efficient for the season to obtain prizes.

INCOMING MAIL.

The R. M. S. Nagoya, which left London on the 17th ultimo and has on board the mails of the 23rd ultimo arrived at Port Said on Saturday the 9th instant.

A BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

In aid of the building fund of the Sarswat Vidyalaya, the Gandharwa Natak Mandali will stage their popular play, Sangit Mrichhakatika, in the Grand Theatre, Falkland Road, to-morrow at 8 p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN GRADUATES' UNION.

Miss A. E. M. Moinet (Oxon.) will lecture on "Women and the War" on Saturday the 16th instant at 5-30 at the University Convocation Hall. The lecture is open to the public.

A HOUSE UNDER REPAIRS COLLAPSES.

The rear walls of a five-storied house, which was being repaired, in the Bapu Khote Street, came down yesterday, and injured one man. Some five or six men were working on the repairs, and the injured man, who is rather aged, had his arm crushed.

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LIMITED,
BOMBAY BRANCH
has commenced to accept short-term Deposits from 2 to 6 months at rates to be ascertained from
THE MANAGER,
personally, or on application.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, December, 11, 1916.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE AND HIS TASK.

It is clear that Mr. Lloyd George is now definitely embarked on the task of forming his Ministry, and while Reuter's announcement that "a landslide in his favour" has already resulted seems obviously an over-statement, there can be no doubt that his prospects are brighter and surer than they were three days ago. The main strength of the new Prime Minister's position all through the war, of course, has been his uncompromising insistence on a vigilant and vigorous prosecution of the war. It was his transparent earnestness on this score that reconciled the nation, irrespective of party, to him and his ways. A lesser, or less sincere man, would have taken longer to recover from the effects of such aberrations as stand on his record. His grievous blunder in regard to the Clyde, for instance, which alienated him in the first instance from Labour might have permanently damaged not a few of his colleagues. And yet he has been able to win over the Labour Party's co-operation in the new Government. This consummation is no less creditable to Mr. Lloyd George's powers of persuasion than to the patriotism and practical good sense,—which have been abundantly in evidence since the first days of the war,—of Labour leaders. We are glad that by all accounts there will be an extended representation and closer association of Labour in the new Ministry, for after all this is a war for the vindication of democracy, and it is all to the good that, alike in the actual conduct of the war and, as is now promised by Mr. George, at the Peace Conference, the people, as distinct from what have hitherto been known as the governing classes, should enjoy adequate participation.

The important thing to bear in mind about the crisis which has brought in its train a change of Ministry is that it was not merely a domestic political upheaval. As the Germans have not been slow to recognise, the real meaning of the change of Government lies in the fact that it is the renewed expression of the nation's determination to permit no flagging of spirit or slackening of effort at this stage of the struggle, but rather to inspire the effort with added vigour. That is neither an exaggerated nor an inaccurate estimate. Those who are at some distance from the scene of strife can hardly realize that the terrific sacrifices of the Allies have only had this effect: they have stiffened the resolution of all the peoples of the Alliance to continue the struggle to a conclusive and decisive end. As the German critics note, a phase of national feeling similar to England has manifested itself in France and Russia. And this great and grave resolve is both chastening and heartening. It is worthy of the ideals, which, in no canting sense, animate and inspire those who believe in the future of humanity.

Whatever irritation or annoyance may originally have been felt in some quarters at the lack of loyalty and aggressive egoism alleged against Mr. Lloyd George, there can be no question that he is now entitled to the nation's and the Empire's whole-hearted support and goodwill. "They are all asking, What is he up to now?" said Mr. Lloyd George in the speech he made by way of self-defence at an earlier crisis. "I will tell them, I am up to winning this war." That was finely said, and in making the declaration he probably carried greater conviction with the people than would have been commanded by any other British statesman. Now that he is trying to make his claim good he must have a fair trial and unflinching support. And all the indications point to the likelihood of his having both. Assured of the constitution of the War Council and of the Cabinet on his own terms, and of the close and practical co-operation of the Unionist and Labour parties, together with the patriotic support,—as to which there need be no doubt under Mr. Asquith's leadership,—of Liberals, Mr. Lloyd George's Ministry should prove a formidable instrument for the carrying out of the national will. The comprehensive programme with which he is credited is an index at once of the man's energy and his vision. It conprises a drastic revision of the whole scheme of national life, to be directed, in the first instance, for purposes of the war. It is impossible that things can go back again after the war, and the reformer, in the best sense of the term, in Mr. George will emerge in due time, we have no doubt, to apply the lessons of the war to the conditions of peace among mankind. His work has only begun.

WORKING OF THE DEFENCE ACT IN BOMBAY.

Some explanation, we think, is due to the public by the Government of Bombay in regard to the inaccuracy of the answer which was given in the Council last week as to the opportunities allowed to persons dealt with under the Defence of India Act to meet any charges or give any explanation of the allegations made against them. The answer to the questions put by the Hon. Mr. Kamat was in any case inadequate and highly unsatisfactory but at least one was entitled to expect that, so far as it went, it correctly stated the facts. But even that is not the case. Mr. Kamat asked what opportunity was offered to each suspect of meeting any charges or giving any explanation of the allegations against him before final orders are passed by Government. The reply of Government was as follows:—

(*b*) In view of the desirability of speedy action in such cases, it is not possible to ask for formal explanation before orders are passed. The persons concerned are, however, freely permitted to submit any representations which they may desire after action is taken, and all such representations receive the careful consideration of Government.

One can understand that in the majority of cases speedy action is desirable and there are no doubt cases in which the object in view might be defeated by a preliminary enquiry as to the charges or allegations made. But the Government reply omits to state one very important point. Is the individual concerned in every case made fully acquainted with the nature of the charges and allegations against him or is he left to explain in the dark? The public would like to have an assurance that in each case the person concerned has the fullest opportunity of refuting what is laid against him and this can only be if the full nature of the reports on which the Government has acted is revealed to him. We trust that the curious form in which the reply of Government is worded does not betray an intention to evade this very important point.

As to the last part of the reply, the Government of Bombay must realise that a mere statement that all representations receive the most careful consideration of the Government does not satisfy the public. Why should the Government of Bombay be above adopting the procedure followed by the Government in England and in a modified degree by the Government of Bengal? In England a committee of a judicial character, composed of persons free from executive influence or predilections of any kind, investigates the circumstances of every case and all the material available, either for or against the action taken, is placed before them. In Bengal a high officer of Government with judicial experience,—"qualified to hold a High Court judgeship" was the expression, we think, which Lord Carmichael used,—conducts a similar investigation. In Bombay it is considered sufficient that any explanation put forward on behalf of a victim of the operation of the Act receives the most careful consideration of the Government; which means that the Executive is the judge of the legitimacy of its own actions. Surely Lord Willingdon's Government can be at least as liberal as that of Lord Carmichael, even if it will not institute the better procedure followed in England, which we feel very strongly it ought to do. Nothing creates so much distrust as an executive that is averse to the investigation of its acts. And the feeling of distrust in regard to the uses to which the Defence Act has been put is strong and widespread. If this feeling be ill-grounded it can easily be dispelled by the appointment of a committee of a judicial character in whose revision of these cases the public could have confidence.

So much for the inadequacy of the Government's reply. It contained, however, as we have said, a serious inaccuracy, to which attention is drawn by Mrs. Besant in "New India." When the order of exclusion was served on Mrs. Besant, she wrote to the Government of Bombay protesting against it, and asking that the grounds on which the order was founded should be indicated to her. She pointed out, at the same time, that she had never spoken or written on the war or the King's enemies, save to uphold the one or to condemn the other and respectfully challenged the exercise of the power possessed by Government under the Act as being arbitrary and unjust. To this she received the following curt reply:—

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated the 12th July, 1916, on the subject of the order served on you under Rule 3 of the Defence of India Consolidation Rules, 1915, and in reply, to inform you that the Government of Bombay are unable to enter into a discussion on the points raised in your letter.—I have the honour, etc.,

(Sd.) L. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to Government.

There is a somewhat grave difference between this summary refusal to offer any explanation or to consider any representation, and the picture suggested by the reply in Council of a beneficent, just and fair-dealing Government anxious and willing to give its most careful consideration to such representations. We do not know how far, if at all, the treatment of Mrs. Besant's case is typical of others, but, if, in the knowledge of its uncompromising refusal to offer Mrs. Besant any sort of opportunity of meeting the case against her or to disclose even the nature of the grounds of its action, the Government could calmly frame the answer in Council quoted above, it must not blame the public for wondering how far reliance is to be placed on that answer in its application to other cases dealt with under the Act.

THE UNIVERSITIES AND HISTORY.

While the history of Europe and the Far West remains still proscribed in our collegiate institutions, thanks chiefly to the autocracy of the reactionary Lord Sydenham who held notions of a thoroughly un-British character about its teaching to Indian students, it is refreshing to notice what a distinguished statesman and an educationalist of European fame, who was Governor of Bombay from 1885 to 1890, and strove nobly to advance Higher Learning, said, from his place as President of the East India Association at the general meeting of its members, held on 19th June last, the proceedings of which are published in the October number of its journal. Lord Reay urged upon those present on that occasion that they "must do everything in their power to make the man in the street understand what is meant by our connection with India." To the vast majority of the British people India is simply a geographical expression. At the best the man in the street has the vaguest notion of the country and its people. And yet it is such men who are the electors of those who sit in Parliament whose constitutional authority and responsibility for the Government of India is supreme and paramount. It is the British Parliament which has constituted that mysterious body known as the Civil Service Commissioners, who annually hold examinations, and pass two or three dozen raw young men from the great Universities and Public Schools to rule as magistrates and judges, etc., over the population which boasts of a magnificent civilisation, literature and arts that existed thousands of years before Brittania Prima became the heritage of the renowned mistress of the ancient world. And yet these youths who are exported here annually in batches to qualify themselves by slow degrees to be administrators, and even Lieutenant-Governors, are never examined in the history of the very country where they must be domiciled for at least 25 years! Lord Reay observed that the British people should do all in their power to make the man in the street understand the meaning of England's connection with India. He believed that they should do more than they have done. But what is the value of what has been done? Very little. Lord Reay knows this perhaps better than any educationalist in England knows it. He declared: "We must begin in the schools, and I consider it is nothing less than a scandal that it is still the exception for Indian history to be taught in our secondary schools! When a statesman of such sobriety and learning as Lord Reay, who administered for five years the "Kingdom of Bombay" with credit to himself and to the great satisfaction of an appreciative population, speaks in the vigorous terms contained in the sentence just quoted, it shows plainly how wofully deficient are the products of the great public schools in England in Indian history! He considers it nothing short of a scandal, and who will dispute his allegation? But mark what further he said:—

You may depend on it, that if India was a German dominion,—which, fortunately for India it is not,—Indian history and all subjects connected with India would be not only taught in all the secondary schools of Germany, but would be made a prominently compulsory subject. It is not to our credit that hitherto we have not in the various programmes which are issued for our schools found this knowledge of India made into a prominent subject. We hear a great deal now about the respective claims of science and of classic in our schools, but that, to any mind, is of less importance than that on both sides there is a great neglect of history, because that is a subject which both sides need. In the examination for the Civil Service, and specially for the diplomatic examination I think it would be very desirable that more should be made of the importance of our knowledge of the East in general. Egypt, Turkey and the whole of the East should be better known, and those of our future diplomatists who are likely to be appointed in such places as Constantinople Tehran, and others, should have special knowledge of Oriental subjects.

Let us hope some robust and far-seeing Secretary of State for India, with the profound knowledge of history of Lord Morley, will bring about the introduction of Indian history as a compulsory subject, not only in the secondary public schools of England, but in the syllabus of the Indian Civil Service Examination. On the other hand, we want a Chancellor of our local University, rich in historical erudition, to restore history to the foremost, place which should belong to it in the University Curriculum. The study of History is the study of Humanity. Only those who are sincere and generous students of History, can govern a country wisely and well. They are the sorriest type of administrators who are ignorant of the teachings of History and the profound lessons it conveys. But it is to be feared that so long as the Sydenham policy prevails in the Seonatus Academicus, it will be hopeless for the Bombay University to be called a University at all.

Notes of the Day.

Practical Educationalists.

The reports are persistent that Mr. Lloyd George proposes to break through the narrow political conventions which have hitherto been known to govern, and cramp the task of choosing a ministry. The admission of "business men,"—a "stunt" which Mr. Horatio Bottomley and the Northcliffe press have worked to death,— into the Government is again mentioned and, in the altered circumstances, seems probable. An interesting statement is made of the new Premier's resolve to invite a distinguished educationalist, like Messrs. Sadler and Fisher of the Leeds and Sheffield Universities, into his Government. The experiment, if it materializes, will be keenly watched, for hitherto public opinion has refused to hail the *savant* in the role of a man of affairs. Mr. Sadler is a man of acknowledged reputation in his own line and is highly respected. Mr. H. A. L. Fisher is better known in India, chiefly as one of the members of the Public Services Commission. He is known to have a Spenderian interest in India,—mildly sympathetic, rather academic, and thoroughly useless.

Why not Lord Northcliffe?

One cannot help feeling that, if Mr. Lloyd George intends to have business men in his ministry, he ought to find places for his friends of the Northcliffe press, who have assisted him so often in stirring up the necessary backing of public opinion,—or public noise, which is sometimes the same thing,—to enable him to carry his point in the late Government. We have no very great opinion of Lord Northcliffe as a politician, but as a business man, an organiser and a dominating, forceful personality, who knows how to get things done, he is worth considering. Lord Northcliffe in charge of a department that had to shape policies or devise great schemes of statesman-like grasp and vision would be a ludicrous failure, but Lord Northcliffe at the head of a great business department of Government, such as the Ministry of Munitions, ought to be a success. The man is incapable of doing a single practical thing himself successfully, but he is undoubtedly a man of brilliant ideas and inspiration, with a splendid capacity for organisation,—to be worked out by other people. At the Ministry of Munitions or some similar post, surrounded by the finest experts and practical men that the nation can provide, his lordship might,—we only say *might*,—be a glorious success and be the first of a new type of ministers in the British Government.

Why Not Kennedy Jones?

And if Lord Northcliffe, why not Mr. Kennedy Jones, who has been his right-hand and left-hand man in so many of his enterprises? It was Kennedy Jones who drew Alfred Harmsworth, as he then was, into daily journalism, and first pictured to his imagination the vast possibilities in the way of the swaying of the destinies of the Empire which would lie in the path of a man who controlled half-a-dozen of the greatest papers in the United Kingdom. When Lord Northcliffe had conceived no greater ambition than to continue the production of such money-making inanities as "Answers" and "Home Chat," Kennedy Jones, then a humble sub-editor on a salary of three pounds a week and a Glasgow accent that you could cut with a knife, came along with the offer of the purchase of the then nearly defunct "Evening News" in his pocket.

A Boast that has been Realised.

He talked over Alfred Harmsworth in five minutes and secured a substantial share in the ownership of the new enterprise in the process. In a couple of months the "Evening News" had beaten the circulation of all the other London evening papers put together by a judicial blending of the Answers and Hame Chat variety of journalism, a whole-hearted devotion to racing news and a tremendous exploitation of modern publishing methods. It was Kennedy Jones who put into practice the ideas that flowed from the prolific imagination of Harmsworth, and between them they produced the "Daily Mail." In those early days Kennedy Jones used to boast that one day they would buy "The Times" and the boast has been realised. Certainly Kennedy Jones should go into the Ministry with Lord Northcliffe. He has already paved the way by becoming the new member for Hornsey.

A Reminiscence.

One feels that the Northcliffe "press gang" are deserving of consideration, because it was they who first "boosted" the idea of having business men in the Cabinet, and they have agitated for it spasmodically for the last twenty years. Their first love in this respect was Sir Thomas Lipton. He was always held up as the model of a successful business man, who would bring into a ministry those practical ideas and application that an effete system insistently required. Sir Thomas Lipton would certainly have been the first candidate for a business ministry twenty years ago when the Northcliffe appeals for business men in the Cabinet first began. But unfortunately it was just at that time that the War Office, acting no doubt on the advice of the Harmsworth press, took it into their heads to hand over the entire commissariat arrangements for the Autumn manœuvres by a stupendous contract to Lipton's, who had the whole transport and supply placed at their disposal and a free hand to do as they liked. There has never been any contract like it in military history. The result was a complete breakdown and the breaking out of whole divisions and brigades into open riot and looting of the supply wagons when at last they came upon them. After that the talk about having some of "our successful business men" in the Government fizzled out for a considerable period.

Grave Warning to Germany!

It is a pity that President Wilson's Notes have to deal with subjects of such profound sadness as the ruthless sinking of unarmed ships full of non-combatants and the brutal enslavement of the unfortunate Belgian population. If he would confine them to his petty disputes with Mexico, one could settle down to them with real and unalloyed enjoyment. Certainly if words could achieve great results and were the be-all and end-all of diplomatic negotiation, Dr. Wilson would have made his country the greatest power in the world by this time. His latest Note to the Wilhelmstrasse is really a masterpiece of composition and impressive rebuke. It excels all his previous efforts. From it we learn that the United States is actually "constrained to protest," but, of course, "in a friendly spirit," though at the same time "solemnly," against "an action contravening all precedents of humane principles and international practice, etc., etc." We arrive finally at the usual anti-climax, which is that "the United States is convinced that the policy is fatal to the Belgian relief work, a result which will be deplored and will seriously embarrass the German Government." It must be rather pleasant to live in Washington just now, the land of President Wilson's dreams, where it is supposed that the German Government cares a tinker's curse about being embarrassed!

RUSSIAN GAINS ON ROUMANIAN FRONT.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S CABINET.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE

GAINS ON ROUMANIAN FRONT.

ENEMY DISLODGED FROM TWO HEIGHTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 9.

A Russian communiqué says:—The Russians have captured five hundred prisoners, six machine-guns and three cannon in an engagement west and south of Valleputan on the Roumanian front where the enemy has been dislodged from two heights.

FALL OF BUKHAREST.

GERMAN ANNOUNCEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Dec. 9.

The Viceroy's war telegrams received from the Secretary of State dated 7th December, says:—

The Russians have been compelled by violent artillery fire to withdraw from a height two miles west of Jablonitza they had recently occupied.

The Germans announce the capture of Bukharest, Ploesti, and Sinaia south of Predeal Pass.

The Roumanians evacuated Bukharest in order to maintain the army, which remains infact.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

ROUMANIANS RETIRING TO JALOMITZA LINE.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM RUSSIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Dec. 10.

The Viceroy's war telegram from the Secretary of State, dated 8th December, says:—

The Russian operations in the Carpathians are hindered by a very dense fog.

The Russo-Roumanian forces are withdrawing to a line on the River Jalomitza where they are being met by reinforcements from Russia.

The blockade of Greece has been declared which will be maintained by the Allies until Greece has made adequate reparation for the recent outrages.

HUN JUBILATION DEPRECATED.

"OUR ENEMIES ARE STILL STRONG AND UNCONQUERED."

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
AMSTERDAM, Dec. 7.

The "Vorwaerts' deprecates the ringing of bells and flying of flags over the fall of Bukharest and says:—Our victory in Roumania is a defensive victory. Our enemies are still strong and unconquered and confident of ultimate victory. Hence M. Stuermer has been replaced by M. Trepoff and Mr. Asquith has yielded to a stronger man. We must still shout:—"We desire peace."

The "Rheinisch Westfaelische Zeitung" also warns its readers that the war will last long and says:—"The ministerial changes in Russia and England mean victory of the party that is determined on a war to the knife."—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

NEW RUSSIAN RAILWAY.

FROM PETROGRAD TO ROMANOFF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Dec. 10.

A railway from Petrograd to Romanoff on the Murman coast has been completed. A Te Deum was celebrated at the point where the rails meet.

Prince Bagration, the Emperor's representative telegraphed to the Tsar:—The most northerly railway in the world has been completed despite difficulties of working in Polar nights, thanks to the Russian people's patriotism and desire to help the army.

CARSO FRONT.

HEAVY RECIPROCAL ARTILLERY FIRING

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

An Italian communiqué says, two seapanes bombed the airsheds at Trieste.

In spite of torrential rain on the Carso Plateau reciprocal artillery firing is heavy. We repulsed an attack at Boscomalo.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY IN ADIGE VALLEY.

ENEMY TRANSPORT COLUMN DISPERSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 9.

An Italian official announcement reports violent artillery firing in the Adige Valley. We dispersed a long transport column.

LLOYD GEORGE MINISTRY.

A CABINET OF TWELVE AIMED AT.

LARGE LABOUR REPRESENTATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 7.

It is understood that Mr. Lloyd George is aiming at a Cabinet of twelve, composed of five Unionists, five Liberals and two Labour members.

One Labour member of the Cabinet will presumably be a member of the War Council. There will be three other Labour members in the Ministry.

Mr. Lloyd George's principal difficulty at present is securing adequate Liberal representation owing to refusal of nearly all Liberal ex-ministers to serve.

A meeting of the Liberal War Committee, attended by thirty members, passed a resolution actively to support Mr. Lloyd George.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

LANDSLIDE IN MR. GEORGE'S FAVOUR.

BUSINESSMEN TO BE ASSOCIATED WITH MINISTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

The prompt decision already evidenced by Mr. Lloyd George has resulted in a landslide in his favour. It is not doubted that the Ministry will be practically complete on the 12th instant. He is throughout cooperating very closely with Mr. Bonar Law and Sir Edward Carson.

It is stated that the War Committee will number four or five and that the Cabinet will not hamper the Committee's powers.

According to the "Daily Chronicle" Mr. Chamberlain has declined office on the ground of ill-health.

An interesting departure is the intention ascribed to Mr. Lloyd George, of introducing into the Ministry prominent business men. "The Times" says that it is understood that Sir Albert Stanley, Manager of London Tubes and Omnibuses, Lord Devonport and Mr. Hichens, of Messrs. Cammell Lairds, will be associated with the Ministry and that a great educational authority like the Vice-Chancellors of the Universities of Sheffield and Leeds, will be appointed to the Education Office.

It is stated that the Labour Party has pressed Mr. Lloyd George on the subject of conscription of labour and wealth and that Mr. Lloyd George replied that he contemplated regulating the work of the whole manhood and also a scheme for control of investments and savings the effect of which would be to place the realised wealth of the country at the disposal of the Government and largely to extend the war profits tax. He also promised that there should be a Labour delegate to the Peace Conference.

NEW PREMIER'S PROGRAMME

A NORTHCLIFFE FORECAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 10.

The "Weekly Dispatch" says that Mr. Lloyd George has a programme for the arming of merchantmen, preparation for a Spring offensive, mobilisation of civilians between 16 and 60, an effective blockade, issue of food tickets, increase of homegrown food, banning of work immaterial to the war and enforcement of prohibition of luxuries and meatless days.

THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

CANCELLED OWING TO DELAY IN MAKING CABINET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 9.

The Privy Council to-day was cancelled. It is understood that this was owing to the insufficient progress in the making of the cabinet.

MR, ASQUITH ON HIS RESIGNATION.

DECLINES TO JOIN NEW MINISTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

About two hundred Members of Parliament were present at a Liberal private meeting at the Reform Club at noon to-day. Mr. Asquith received an ovation. Mr. Churchill also attended and was cheered.

Mr. Asquith, in a patriotic speech, said there had been a carefully engineered campaign against Lord Grey and himself, but he acquitted Mr. Lloyd George or any Member of the Government of complicity in it.

He had received Mr. Lloyd George's proposal for a smaller War Council on December 1st and replied on the same day that the Premier must preside over such a body. Mr. Lloyd George did not agree and on December 3rd the Unionist Ministers intimated that unless Mr. Asquith resigned they would resign. Mr. Asquith appealed to Mr. Bonar Law to remain.

Mr. Asquith wrote to Mr. Lloyd George on December 4th that he was not prepared to remain in the Cabinet as a spectator and outlined certain proposals. Mr. Lloyd George accepted these, subject to the character of the personnel of the War Council.

Mr. Asquith consulted his friends and felt that the differences regarding the Premier presiding over the War Council and the personnel of the Council were irreconcilable, so he resigned. Mr. Asquith declined to join the new Government because he felt he would be a source of weakness. Attacks on him would continue and it would be better that he gave independent support outside.

Mr. Asquith stated that Mr. Balfour would be Foreign Secretary and that Lord Robert Cecil would would remain Under-Secretary.

Mr. Asquith emphasised the necessity for strenuously supporting the Government for the purpose of winning the war.

The meeting passed a resolution of confidence in Mr. Asquith and expressing determination to support the Government in any steps it might take to prosecute the war with vigour and determination.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

REIGN OF TERROR AT ATHENS.

DASTARDLY ATTACKS ON VENIZELISTS.

OUTRAGES BY MOBS AND POLICE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Dec. 7.

Reuter learns the details of a dastardly attack in Athens on Mayor Benachi, a septagenarian member of the Greek colony in Alexandria. His house was subjected to a fusillade from the residence of Prince Ypsilanti, Master of the King's Horse and from the street. Princess Ypsilanti, who is a Hungarian, personally encouraged the soldiers, who broke into the house, seized the Mayor, spat at him, prodded him with the bayonet and struck him with the butt-ends of their rifles and partly tore out his beard.

Covered with blood, the Mayor was dragged into the street, while the Princess Ypsilanti was seen at the window clapping her hands. Benachi was taken away to be examined and eventually sent home, where he now lies with his house wrecked and looted.

When the Venizelist General Corakas and three other prisoners, including M. Maroudis, formerly Chief of Police, were removed from Parliament House, blood streamed from the head and face of General Corakas, whose eyes were swollen and bruised from the blows he had received during his arrest and magisterial examination and while General Corakas was being taken past the principal restaurant in Athens, a man, amid the applause of soldiers, threw filth into his face.

This was the signal for the mob to break the cordon and maltreat General Corakas, whom the soldiers had to take back to the Parliament House to prevent him from being killed.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

VIOLENCE OF GREEK SOLDIERY.

PROTEST BY NEUTRAL MINISTERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Dec. 9.

The Ministers of Spain, United States and Holland have made representations to the Greek Government censuring the violence of the Greek soldiery on December 1st and 2nd

SIR ARTHUR MCMAHON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
CAIRO, Dec. 8.

The Sultan has conferred the Orders of Mahommed Ali and El Kamal, first class, on Sir Arthur and Lady McMahon respectively.

BLOCKADE OF GREECE BEGUN.

ACUTE SITUATION AT ATHENS.

GREEK MILITARY MOVEMENTS STOPPED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Dec. 8.

The situation is acute here. The blockade has begun. Russian, Serb and Italian Nationals have left.

The Greek Government has informed the Entente that the military movements, which were the subject of the *demarche*, have ceased.

Many inhabitants of Athens are changing their residences fearing bombardment.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

CENTRAL POWERS AND GREECE.

AN UNCONFIRMED REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Dec. 9

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables—London, December 8.—M. Radoslavoff, the Bulgarian Premier, speaking in the Sobradji recently foretold good news from Greece, which the local press interpreted as meaning that the Central Powers would send help to King Constantine who would declare war against the Entente.

"The Times" to-day publishes a message from Athens together with an explanation that, although it was sent in the name of a trusted correspondent there is no reason to believe it represents his views. The message suggests that the Entente should accept a small loss of prestige rather than risk throwing at least 150,000 Greeks against the rear of their troops in Macedonia.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RANGOON GREEKS' SUPPORT TO VENIZELISTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
RANGOON, Dec. 9.

The Greek population of Rangoon have collected funds to defray the cost of a fully equipped motor ambulance, which they will send to Salonika for use by the Nationalist troops who are supporting M. Venizelos. The action of December 1st has created indignation among the community here.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

FRENCH CHAMBER'S VOTE.

IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENTS EXPECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Dec. 9.

Important developments are expected as a result of the secret sitting. The sole topic of conversation among Deputies is the Parliamentary situation as compared with the British.

It is unknown whether M. Briand will resign, but he declares that the solution of the situation must conform to the precise indications in the Chamber's vote. The difficulties of M. Briand's task are recognised, and it is regarded as natural that he should be given time for a satisfactory settlement.

The Council of Ministers on Friday discussed measures necessary to carry out the Chamber's views.

RE-ORGANISATION OF FRENCH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Dec. 10.

A motion has been introduced that five Ministers, namely, the Foreign, Finance, War, Marine and Interior Ministers, shall re-organise other departments.

SIRDAR DALJIT SINGH.

NEW YEAR CARDS FOR INDIAN SOLDIERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

Sirdar Daljit Singh left for India to-day on a short visit. He has arranged to present to every Indian soldier in the field New Year cards with a reproduction of the portrait of the King-Emperor in his Coronation robes a facsimile of his Majesty's signature and a loyal poem composed by the Sirdar printed in Hindi, Urdu or Gurmukhi according to the language of the recipient.

MACEDONIAN OFFENSIVE.

HARD FIGHTING ON WHOLE FRONT.

ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

A Serbian communiqué says, there was hard fighting on the whole front.

The enemy was reinforced and made several attempts to recapture lost positions north of Grunista. All attacks were repulsed with heavy enemy losses. Fighting continues.

The Serbians completely repulsed three violent counter-attacks by Germans and Bulgars in the region of the Staravina.

Bad weather is preventing the operations.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

FRENCH SUCCESS ON SOMME FRONT.

ENEMY EJECTED FROM TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Dec. 9.

A communiqué says on the Somme, in the Bouchavesnes sector at Biaches there was fairly lively artillery activity.

A sharp counter-attack ejected the enemy from trench elements at Apemont forest, where he had temporarily fortified himself.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SUCCESSFUL FRENCH COUP-DE-MAIN.

MINE-GALLERIES DESTROYED IN CHAMPAGNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 10.

Last night's French communiqué reports a successful coup-de-main at a German salient in Champagne. The trenches were entered, mine-galleries destroyed and prisoners brought back.

An artillery duel occurred on the left of the Meuse.

FRENCH SUCCESS ON MEUSE FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

A French communiqué says, we drove the enemy out of a portion of the trenches he occupied on the 6th instant on the eastern slopes of Hill 304 on the left bank of the Meuse.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

FIGHTING ON ANCRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 9.

A British communiqué says, the enemy is shelling our front south of the river Ancre at Gueudecourt and Ransart. We retaliated by bombarding points behind the enemy lines.

Our trench-mortars were active south-east of Armentieres.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BRITISH RAID IN ARTOIS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 10.

General Haig last night reported:—We raided the trenches in the neighbourhood of Neuville St. Vaast and Souchez inflicting losses and capturing a machine-gun.

Our trench-mortars successfully bombarded the enemy lines northward of Ploeostreet and eastward of Arras.

BIG GERMAN MOVEMENTS IN BELGIUM

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Dec. 8.

Big movements of German troops in Belgium are reported and it is believed that they presage fresh activity.

NEW NAVAL COMMANDER AT PLYMOUTH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

It is officially announced that Admiral Sir Alexander Bethell has been appointed Commander-in-Chief, Plymouth, in succession to Vice-Admiral Sir George Warrender who has been relieved on account of ill-health.

BELGIAN DEPORTATIONS.

U. S. NOTE OF PROTEST.

ALL HUMANE PRINCIPLES CONTRAVENED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.

The State Department has published a Note to Germany protesting against the deportations of Belgians for forced labour as contrary to all precedents and humane principles.

The Note was cabled to Berlin on November 19th and said, "The United States has learned with the greatest concern and regret the policy of deporting from Belgium civilians for the purpose of forcing them to labour in Germany. The United States is constrained to protest in a friendly spirit, but solemnly, against an action contravening all precedents of humane principles and international practice, which have been followed by civilised nations in the treatment of non-combatants. The United States is convinced that the policy is fatal to the Bengian relief work, a result which will be generally deplored and will seriously embarrass the German Government."

ARABIA OUTRAGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.

It is learned that the United States has enquired of Great Britain regarding the status of the Arabia.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

GERMAN PIRACY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

The Spanish steamer Julian Bebto and the Danish steamer Nexos have been sunk, also the Russian schooner Aus.

A telegram from Christiania says it is officially announced that nineteen Norwegian vessels of 32,000 tons were lost in November.

The Norwegian steamer Alla has been sunk.

LATER.

The Norwegian steamers Meteor, Stettin and Nervion, the Belgian steamer Keltier, the Spanish steamers Gerona and Lucenne, and the Greek steamer Spyros have been sunk.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

LONDON, Dec. 10.

The British steamers Avristan and Couch (Conch ?); Danish Sicurs and Norwegian Sara and Rakuira have been sunk. The British steamer Tanjelo is believed to have been sunk.

GERMAN SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Dec. 10.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

"The Times" Amsterdam correspondent learns from a reliable source that Germany has intimated to neutrals that the submarine campaign will be waged even more ruthlessly in 1917 and has invited some concession in return for comparative immunity. The same correspondent sends a later report that Germany has demanded partial use of the Scheldt. A fresh credit of £3,000,000 which the Dutch banks have granted to Germany is associated with the submarine threat.

GERMAN ARMED MERCHANTMAN SIGHTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 8.

The Admiralty announces that a German armed and disguised merchantman was sighted in the North Atlantic on Monday.

TO-DAY'S WAR SUMMARY.

The prompt decision evidenced by Mr. Lloyd George, has resulted in a landslide in his favour. It is not doubted that the Ministry will be complete to-morrow.

Mr. Lloyd George is aiming at a Cabinet of 12, composed of five Unionists, five Liberals and two Labour members.

An interesting departure is the intention ascribed to Mr. Lloyd George, of introducing into the Ministry prominent business men.

The Russians have captured 500 prisoners with war materials in an engagement west and south of Valleputan on the Roumanian front where the enemy has been dislodged.

The blockade of Greece has begun. The situation is reported to be acute at Athens.

A Serbian communiqué says there was hard fighting on the whole front. The enemy failed to recapture lost positions and were repulsed with heavy losses.

JUBBULPORE BRIBERY CASE.

JURY'S VERDICT OF GUILTY

THE JUDGE DISAGREES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 9.

In the Jubbulpore bribery case Mr. Binning summing up the case for the prosecution, said Mr. Frere's financial position required consideration as it threw considerable light on the case, circumstantially showing that Mr. Frere took bribes. In his statement to Mr. Anant Ram Joshi, the Railway Police Inspector, who investigated this case, Mr. Frere had said that he owed nothing to anybody when he came to Jubbulpore, although he himself mentioned having borrowed Rs. 3,600 from Narain Lutt of Jaipur in August, 1915, and Rs. 1,500 from Nancy Tejpal of Bombay in September, 1915, and Rs. 1,000 from the Bombay Co-operative Society, G. I. P Ry., in 1914, stating that he could not meet his monthly bills from his pay. It might be noted that out of Rs. 3,600 said to have been borrowed Rs. 3,000 were really borrowed in 1913, and in August, 1915, Mr. Frere merely took back the 200 sovereigns with the additional amount of Rs. 300 as deposed by Narain Dutt. Mr. Frere's distinction between private and public moneylenders was very quaint. Mr. Frere's statement that he borrowed in 1915 was obviously false. The sovereign incident showed it. The Allahabad Bank balance sheet showed Rs. 2,800 and odd when he joined at Jubbulpore. This was not possible. The expenditure over servants as stated by Mr. Frere and the shop accounts showing obviously not all his expenditure, could hardly leave any balance. Rs. 2,200 were shown to have been paid to Rose and Co. of Bombay for a piano, Rs. 4,226 paid to shops and firms, over Rs. 3,000 being in cash, Rs. 1,600 paid in cash to servants in 13 months during which period he was shown to have drawn cheques to self to the extent of Rs. 1,950, only no cheques having been drawn from May to August. Mr. Frere was said to have also paid Rs. 2,500 to Nancy Tejpal of Bombay towards his debts and borrowed Rs. 1,000 from the G. I. P. Co-operative Provident Fund for paying bills. How was this possible when all his pay admittedly used to be deposited in the bank? Mr. Frere had to pay about Rs. 400 per month to certain firms, Rs. 250 to Nancy Tejpal, Rs. 30 to the G.I.P. Ry. Co-operative Fund, Rs. 160 to Narain Dutt and Rs. 61 to Rose and Co.. Mr. Frere's explanation that he had money of his own was thus obviously false. The explanation of the prosecution was bribes and those in gold, the safest way of escaping detection.

THE FIRST MOVE.

How was this achieved soon after Mr. Frere's arrival in charge of the Jubbulpore district? He issued a circular as he had done at Sholapur that all applications for employment, promotions or transfer, should thereafter be made direct to him and not through the Traffic Inspectors. This was obviously against the rules and practice. Mr. Frere's plea was that it facilitated and expedited work as the D. T. S. was supposed to know more of the staff in his district than the Traffic Inspectors. The expedition of work was only a pretext. On the other hand it burdened the D. T. S. As a matter of fact the object in issuing the circular was to bring himself in touch with the applicants. Mr. Frere meant to enlarge his field of operations. The circular was a mere notice, "Come to me for promotion, appointment and transfer and the medium was the khansama." The removal of the office from the bungalow was only a step in aid of furthering the object. The reason given was specious. The real reason seemed to be that the office staff might not know what the cook was doing in the kitchen and Mr. Frere should be able to say that he was not aware of anything of his khansama's doings. Mr. Binning commented on Mr. Frere's statement and proceeded to discuss the cases of Bindeshri Prasad, Hiraballabh and Baburam which formed the subject-matter of the charges. The witnesses had no reason to concoct stories. The fact of payment of money to the khansama was proved by direct evidence of persons who either paid or witnessed the payment. It was circumstantially evidenced by documents such as the money order receipt for Rs. 200, the acknowledgment for insured letters for Rs. 250 which were from Rudradutt, etc. It was too much to say that it was only an accident that the dates and timings of issuing of orders, of cancellation of transfers almost synchronised with the dates and times of payments of money to the cook.

KHANSAMA'S KITCHEN PRACTICES.

It could not be that the cook possessed some charm that he could swindle people by making them believe that he could do everything for them if he really could not do. The sequence of events showed that the cook could render service for which he took his price and people sought refuge under him. Mr. Binning pointed out from depositions of witnesses and documents filed that there was ample evidence to show that the money paid on behalf of Hiraballabh, Bindeshri Prasad and Baburam was received by the cook and ultimately reached Mr. Frere's hands, and that in such business Mr. Frere made use of his khansama as an instrument, was apparent from the fact that in spite of warnings admittedly given to him by Sergeant Fare and Raghunath Vishnu of Burhanpur, he took no steps to enquire into and much less to stop his cook's kitchen practices although they were compromising his own reputation. Mr. Frere's studious silence about his cook in the letter to Mr. Rumboll, General Traffic Manager, with regard to the anonymous letter sent on to Mr. Frere by the former for information and necessary action, accusing the cook of bribery, was also very significant. Mr. Binning in conclusion said that the prosecution against Mr. Frere was not actuated by any spiteful motives and he further told the jury not to be swayed by any such consideration that a man of Mr. Frere's social position was not capable of taking bribes. They had to look at the facts proved and then decide.

CASE FOR THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Kunji Beharilal Gupta on behalf of Mr. Frere, said that the evidence, both oral and documentary, showed that the Sehore Station Staff and their friends wanted to bring Mr. Frere into trouble. Mr. Frere had offended them. Both the Station Master and Bindeshri Prasad had been reduced by Rs. 5 and Rs. 3 by Mr. Frere's orders for their serious and culpable irregularity in admitting one Shrikrishna, an outsider, to work in the office. On appeal the General Traffic Manager not only confirmed the punishment but had written to the staff at Sehore approving of the punishment inflicted. Rudradutt appeared to be their agent at Jubbulpore furthering the conspiracy. The discrepancies in the oral evidence of witnesses who deposed to having visited the khansama or having seen Sehore men visiting the khansama and paying money, were very material. The discrepancies as to dates which were pointed out by Counsel from the record showed that Anna, the prime mover in the matter, had never come to Jubbulpore to pay his homage to the khansama or to pay money. Transmission of money from Sehore to Jubbulpore as evidenced by the money order for Rs. 200, the insured letter for 250 and Rudradutt's telegram was not inconsistent with the khansama's not having received it. It was possible that Rudradutt was playing a double game. He could with impunity pocket the amounts received and say that the amounts had been paid to the khansama. The station master Hiraballabh (who was Rudradutt's father-in-law) was not losing anything from his own pocket. Admittedly the money had come out of the pockets of Sehore merchants who were anxious for reasons know to them, to retain Hiraballabh and Bindeshri Prasad at Sehore. The evidence of persons who were said to have taken part either in negotiating or payment were according to law, accomplices, and unworthy of credit unless corroborated in material particulars by trustworthy and independent witnesses. The much talked of circumstantial evidence of Mr. Frere's financial position was more or less based upon surmises. The prosecution not having proved that Mr. Frere had no other money or no other source of getting money except by tapping the Sehore men or for the matter of that any other men under him, they could not reasonably say that bribes and bribes alone were the explanation of his financial position.

JUDGE'S CHARGE TO THE JURY.

The Judge in his charge to the jury, said that the evidence was more or less of accomplices. Bindeshri, Anna, Rudradutta were accomplices of the first class. Their testimony though corroborative of each other in the main, was seriously discrepant on some material point, *e.g.*, there were discrepancies in the statements of Anna and Rudradutta as to their journey from Jubbulpore and arrival at Sehore. It required strong corroboration from independent sources. The corroborative evidence on which the prosecution relied was itself not free from serious discrepancies and in some instances of a highly suspicious character. As to the second charge of taking Rs. 250 on account of Hiraballabh, the only corroborative evidence of Dattaraya was not entirely reliable. As to the third charge of taking Rs. 35 from Baburam, porter, the evidence was of accomplices and the other evidence was of a confused nature, and also descrepant. As to the general evidence, the judge said the balance of Rs. 2,000 in Mr. Frere's bank account was explained by Mr. Frere, 100 sovereigns were received by him as a gift from his mother, 50 were received from the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank as his legacy and 50 were his own accumulations made for a long time. Mr. Frere had not however, given any proof of the alleged gift and legacy. The Judge then referred to Mr. Frere's debts in Bombay and said his two statements were at variance.

THE CIRCULARS.

The circulars issued by Mr. Frere and relied upon by the prosecution in support of the case as a preparation preliminary to taking bribes were according to Mr. Rumboll, General Traffic Manager, quite beyond Mr. Frere's powers. The jury might consider their probative nature as a piece of corroborative evidence. Mr. Frere's explanation as to the cancellation of Bindeshri Prasad's transfer the day after the receipt of the G. T. M.'s order cancelling Hiraballabh's transfer was quite possible. Mr. Frere was perhaps sore over the G. T. M.'s order cancelling Hiraballabh's transfer ordered by him and in a fit of temper he might have cancelled Bindeshri Prasad's transfer. The explanation was, however, never suggested to Mr. Anantram Joshi, Police Inspector, when he was investigating the case. It was offered for the first time in this Court.

THE VERDICT.

The jury after an hour's deliberation brought in an unanimous, verdict of guilty on all three charges against Mr. Frere and his 'khansama Lacchu, viz., of receiving and abetting reception of Rs. 200, and Rs. 250, and Rs. 35 as illegal gratification from Bindeshri Prasad, general clerk, Hiraballabh, Station-master, and Baburao, a porter of Sehore respectively

The Judge, disagreeing, said he would refer the case to the High Court.

THE PRESS ASSOCIATION OF INDIA.

The annual meeting of the Press Association of India will be held at Lucknow on Wednesday the 28th instant at 6 p.m., in the Congress Pandal.

AERIAL ACTIVITY IN EGYPT.

DETAILS OF THE CAIRO RAID.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 10.

The "Pioneer's" Cairo correspondent gives the following details of the recent air raid on Cairo:—No less than nine bombs were dropped, the area covered being the business and residential part of the city which is of course always crowded with people at the middle of the day. Only one bomb fell on a building which was a disused mill. The rest fell in streets. The material damage to house property, was therefore limited to broken glass whilst flying splinters contributed to the mark sites of explosions.

Considerable havoc was, however, wrought amongst the people who crowded the streets at the time. Sixteen were killed outright and 18 were injured whilst four horses were killed on the spot. At the time of writing five of the wounded have died bringing the total deaths so far to 21. The latter include six Europeans of whom four are women. Among them was the wife of the most prominent foreign lawyer here, Maitre Merzbach Bey. The wounded include three Europeans amongst whom was the wife of a well-known Arabian traveller and explorer Lieutenant G. Wyman Bury, R.N.V.R., who is at present doing special service work with the Egyptian Expeditionary Force.

The authorities are agreed that this raid was intended as a reprisal for the one carried out on the previous day by the Australian and British Flying Corps upon the Turkish positions at Bir Saba and Magdhaba. Our raid had proved entirely successful and a great deal of military damage had been done at Bir Saba. We had scored a direct hit on an Aviatik and one on a Hangar. A quantity of explosives had been dropped on the railway station and two Fokkers had been driven down in a damaged condition. At Magdhaba the camps and store sheds were destroyed wholesale Despite heavy anti-aircraft gunfire all our machines had returned safely.

The day after the raid two of our aeroplanes successfully bombed Magdhaba again. They took the enemy completely by surprise and descending very low dropped 400 lbs. of explosives in the camp and depots which were considerably damaged. Next day six of our machines went out and bombed the important Turkish military centre at Maghhara-el-Auja and Kossaima with great success. On both occasions our planes returned safely.

A welcome telegram from Khartoum this week announced that Ali Dinar, the fugitive Sultan of Darfur, has been killed in the region between Jebel Marra and Dar Sula On the capture of his capital by Colonel Kelly, Ali Dinar fled with more loyal of his followers to the Jebel Marra range of hills south-west of Darfur. Persistent efforts have been made to capture him as so long as he was at liberty he constituted a menace to the tranquility of the province but he had contrived to evade our troops. On the 5th November, however, he was definitely located and after a night march our troops under Major Middleston attacked his position at dawn on the 6th of November. Ali Dinar's force was completely taken by surprise and routed. His body was subsequently found a mile from his camp surrounded by the bones of some of his principle followers. A considerable quantity of rifles, ammunition, ivory, grain, horses and cattle was captured.

OPERATIONS IN MESOPOTAMIA..

TURKISH CAMPS BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 8.

An official message from Mesopotamia says six British aeroplanes, retaliating against hostile bombings, dropped half a ton of explosives on Turkish camps, doing considerable damage.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

FEARED LOSS OF FRENCH BATTLESHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 9.

It is officially stated that the battleship Suffren which left on November 24th for Lorient, has not arrived. It is feared that she is a total loss.

The battleship Suffren was from Gibraltar and carried a crew of 718. Her fate is a mystery. Possibly she struck a mine.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

The Suffren was a battleship of the Patrie type, with a displacement of 12,526 tons, a speed of 18 knots armament consisting of four 12in., ten 6.5in., eight 3.9in. twenty-six smaller light guns and two submerged tubes, and a complement of 655.

USE OF ORDINARY FLOUR ON SHIPS APPROVED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 9.

The Board of Trade has approved the use of ordinary flour instead of standard flour on ships, pending a test of the latter's keeping qualities.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RESCUE OF MAROONED MEMBERS OF SHACKLETON EXPEDITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WELLINGTON, Dec. 8.

The Aurora is sailing for the Ross Sea on December 16th to rescue the marooned members of the Shackleton Expedition. Sir E. Shackleton is on board and will take charge of the land operations.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

INDUSTRIES COMMISSION.

DR. NILRATAN SIRCAR EXAMINED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 9.

The Hon. Dr. Nilratan Sircar, who was examined by the Industries Commission to-day, in the course of evidence said that for the success of an industry it was necessary that there should be simultaneous combinations of certain conditions, such as capital, expert knowledge, commercial efficiency, skilled labour, transport facilities, etc. He was against money grants in aid except under special circumstances and thought that guaranteed dividends for a limited period would be one of the suitable forms of aid to new organisations and there should not be any Government control apart from inspection and auditing of accounts. In his opinion there should be trade representatives for India in foreign countries independent of the British Consular Service. He further stated that the absence of banking facilities was a serious difficulty in the paith of indigenous industries in Bengal. He maintained that the department of industry should be separated from that of commerce and it would be an advantage to have a separate member in the Viceregal Council in charge of industry.

To Sir Thomas Holland he said that if the universities were not constructed on lines vitally touching the industrial requirements of the country, they would loose touch with the actual everyday life of the people. He would, therefore, suggest that the Indian universities should be developed with a view to industrial research. Universities throughout the world were coming more and more in touch with the technical and commercial requirements.

Replying further to the President he said the Pusa Research Institute, the Geological and Botanical Surveys should be incorporated in the University.

Answering Sir Francis Stewart he said that for small industries there was enough labour in Bengal. He would urge the spread of the co-operative movement for industries side by side with legislation against usury.

Replying to other questions of Sir Francis Stewart witness said they must give every possible encouragement to industries in Bengal if the spirit of suspicion growing among the people was to be removed. Bengal was more advanced politically than industrially and he would like to arrange matters in such a way as to take the people along with a movement and avoid all friction No movement could be successful unless the people moved along with it.

Replying to Sir Dorab Tata, he said the private railway companies could not reduce the railway rates for Indian industries and they only looked to their own dividends. The whole question of railway rates involved the question of railway ownership and management. He was strongly in favour of State management of railways, which would surely facilitate industrial development.

In answer to Sir R. N. Mookerjee, Dr. Sircar said that secondary education required extensive remodelling to suit the industrial requirements.

Answering another question, he said he understood there was going to be a fourth member of Council in Bengal and he would like this new member to be in charge of industries.

Answering Pandit Malaviyia, he advocated a University College of Commerce.

The Commission adjourned till Monday.

SILVER MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says the steadiness of price is significant of a tendency upward in spite of the fall in Cana exchanges. Until the stock at Shanghai is replenished from the interior sales or account of China are doubtful. Indian bazaars are favourable. The views of the market are doubtless due to the fall during the week of 219 lakhs in Indian Treasury's holding.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

GERMANS FAIL TO RAISE A POLISH ARMY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Dec. 10.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says:—

A Zurich wireless message says that the attempt to raise a Polish army is a complete failure. A German emissary is vainly seeking to purchase the support of influential Poles in Switzerland.

DEFENCE OF INDIA ACT.

PROSECUTION BY TRAVANCORE DURBAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

TINNEVELLY, DEC. 8.

The Travancore Durbar have passed orders directing the prosecution of Mr. E. V. Raman Oonythan, proprietor and printer, and Mr. Thomas, editor, of the "Malayali," an old Anglo-Vernacular bi-weekly newspaper published in Quilon, of offence under the Defence of India Act The reason for the prosecution is for publishing a statement regarding the movement of a company of Nairs recruited in Travancore and Malabar.

Arrangements have not yet been concluded for the repatriation of Germans who are interned in India. It appears that a considerable proportion of prisoners have no desire to return to their native country. It also appears they will not be wanted here after the war.

EDUCATED INDIANS IN THE TATA WORKS.

TO THE EDITOR OF 'THE CHRONICLE.'

Sir,—With reference to Mr. Gupta's letter on the above subject published in your issue of to-day allow me to offer some explanation. Both Mr. Gupta and Mr. Bose referred to in the letter are technical graduates of the best American Universities, and possess some experience of American Steel Works practice. Their present work at Sakchi is concerned only with the chemical bye-products; that is to say, they take eight hours' working shifts as subordinates in charge of one section of the chemical plant recently put down for the recovery of coal tar and ammonia which are usually lost in coke manufacture. Therefore Mr. Antia's statement still holds true that in the four technical departments of Iron and Steel Manufacture, namely, Coke-Ovens, Pig-Iron, Steel Furnaces and Rolling-Mills not a single educated Indian is to be found. I remember being told that the writer of the letter, Mr. Gupta, worked for a time in the Open-Hearth Steel Furnace Department: but that owing to some unpleasantness arising with English and American fellow-foremen, the management thought it best to shunt him off to a safe side-line: and that if he had not been recruited by the Consulting Engineer direct from America, he might have had to leave altogether. If I am wrong in this statement, I shall be obliged to Mr. Gupta for correction.—Yours, etc.

TECHNIC.

Dec. 9th, 1916.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I see in your issue of the "Chronicle" of the 8th instant, Mr. Gupta's correction to my statement, *re*: the employment of educated Indians at the coke ovens, at the Tata Iron Works at Sakchi.

I regret I did not make my statement more clear, by not mentioning the new Bye-Product coke ovens, which have lately been put in operation. What I wanted to convey was, that though the old non-recovery coke ovens were in operation for over six years no attempt was made by the management at Sakchi, to train educated Indians there

I may here mention that the enrolment of these two highly intelligent, and educated Indians in the new Bye-Product coke ovens, was partly due to circumstances and mainly due to the kind and sympathetic nature of Mr. Turner, the English Superintendent of that Department who is keenly alive to the noble aspirations of educated Indians. Also being possessed of a very strong sense of British justice and equality, he has made it possible for all classes of Indians to work with a labor of love for him, and the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., Sakchi is badly in need of more men of the Turner type, and I wish the Directors will lose no time in procuring them.

Trusting this makes matters more clear.

—Yours, etc.

"FED-UP."

ITALY'S UNITED FRONT.

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Dec. 8.

The Chamber by 376 votes to 45 passed a vote of confidence in the Government which was demanded by Count Boselli in order to re-affirm Italy's united front.

Count Boselli said that the country had the fullest confidence in the Allies and was irrevocably determined to remain in cordial friendship with them until final victory.

A resolution was also adopted expressing detestation of the Belgian deportations.

HOCKEY IN POONA.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT GAMES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Dec. 9.

The second round of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament which began this evening saw a fast and exciting game between the British Pay Cutters Games Club and the International Sporting Club and a rather slow one between the Barsi Light Railway and the Staff and Departmental team.

In the first named match the score was one goal each at the end of the first half, two goals each at the call of time and as neither side was able to increase its lead after ten minutes' extra play the match will have to be replayed.

In the other match the Staff and Departmental team beat the Barsi Light Railway ecreation Club by four goals to nil.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Dec. 10.

In the Karachi freight market the rates offered by shippers are very higher but no tonnage is forthcoming at the moment and there are neither berth bookings nor charters to report.

At a meeting of the Lahore Municipal Committee Rai Kilkhiram, Vice-President, moved a resolution placing on record the committee's regret at the death of Sir James Layall, a former Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, and made grateful reference to his interest in developing the material resources of the Province, specially the Canal Colonies. The resolution being duly proposed and supported was unanimously passed. All the courts and offices were closed on the 9th instant as a mark of respect to the illustrious deceased.

Official and Personal.

Lord and Lady Willingdon attended Morning Service at Christ Church, Byculla, yesterday.

Their Excellencies were present at a performance of "Trial by Jury" at the Parel Military Hospital Depot on Friday evening.

Their Excellencies accompanied by Captain Rigby, Surgeon, Captains MacEwan and Studd, A.-D.-Cs., left Grant Road Station at 10-15 p.m. for Ahmedabad.

The Hon. Mr. S. M. Fraser, Mrs. and Miss Fraser and Sir Brian Egerton have left Government House.

H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur, the Hon. Mr. G. S. Curtis and Mrs. Curtis, Colonel Beyts and Mr. Sheppard dined at Government House on Friday evening.

The following were guests at lunch at Government House yesterday:—

Sir Basil and Lady Scott, Mr. H. FitzG. Beale, Mr. A. F. and Mrs. Sells, Lieut.-Colonel H. W. K. Read, Fleet-Surgeon L. S. and Mrs. Whitwan, Mr. C. C. Swetenham, Major H R and Mrs. Dutton, Major W and Mrs. Mathews, Mr. G. S. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. H. and Mrs. Campbell, Captain N. B. and Mrs. Kinnear, Lieut. H. A. B. and Mrs. Digby Beste, the Revd. R. M. and Mrs. Gray, Mr. Syed Hossain and Mrs. Bilgrami, Mr. Frank Muir, Mr. H. Parker Gibbs, Mr. O. Marshall, Mr. Rustom D. N. and Mrs. Wadia, Mr. Mahomed H. Lalljee, Sir Brian Egerton, their Excellencies and Staff.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Burma intends holding a durbar of Shan Chiefs at Taunggyi, S. S. States, at the end of January.

The Government of Behar and Orissa has appointed Mr. Syed Sultan Ahmed Government Advocate vice Mr. P. C. Manuk, whose resignation takes effect from January next.

Mr. H. S. L. Polak who has gone to Madras will be given a public reception on Wednesday. The Bishop of Madras will preside over the function.

FEMALE MILL-OPERATIVES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It is a gratifying sign to see social workers in these days doing their best for the uplift of our working classes. Movements for the spread of temperance, sanitation, co-operation and education among the masses deserve to be commended. It has, however, been a riddle to me why as yet these welfare workers have not directed their energies to the moral elevation of the labouring population. Those having some experience of our mill life will bear me out that vice prevails in no small degree among our mill-operatives. Hitherto attempts seem only to have been made by our social workers for bettering the condition of our male labourers. The female sex no less deserves our best effort. Those coming into close contact with these working people know that women not infrequently fall victims to unprincipled persons. The mill-hand is cognizant of the vicious atmosphere which prevails in our mills. Extreme poverty alone makes him send his female relatives to mills. The low morals and the profligacy of some of our mill forewomen (naikins) is proverbial. These women in not a few cases lost to virtue themselves have a demoralising effect on the female workers who have the misfortune to work daily under them.

One wonders why the employers of labour have hitherto made no efforts in this direction to put a stop to this evil by replacing these fore-women by a few educated ladies from our middle classes. There are not a few nurses, midwives, trained female teachers who earn a precarious living. If this class were only to divert their attention to our mills, they will not only better their prospects by quadrupling their incomes but a new field for social service among the masses will be opened to them. Employment of this better type of women as supervisors will not only put a stop to the scandalous practices prevailing in the reeling, winding and other female departments of our mills, but it will in some respects be a saving to the millowners who could dispense with men clerks. These new literate fore-women can easily do writing work in addition to supervision of their departments. Thus there is an opening for over 300 literate women in this city. It is to be hoped that some philanthropic millowner will start employing the better class of women as a tentative measure by giving them the initial training. He will thus earn the blessings of thousands of our voiceless mill-operatives in this city. A virtuous and respectable fore-woman is bound to command respect among the masses and once our illiterate mill labourer is brought to understand the beneficial effect of the innovation, the employers of labour need not fear any opposition from him.

Will the promoters of our Seva Sadan, Widows' Home, Native Christian Missions and similar institutions seriously take up the matter?—Yours, etc.,

H. A. TALCHERKAR.

Khetwady, Dec. 2.

DEATH OF A HUBLI CITIZEN.

THE LATE DR. GOKHALE.

A Hubli correspondent writes:—

I much regret to announce the death on December 3rd, of Dr. K. T. Gokhale, the leading medical practitioner of Dharwar District. There is not a single soul in the city who does not mourn the loss of this skilled and kind-hearted physician. His death leaves a blank in the ranks of medical practitioners of the District which will not be easily filled. As a skilled and experienced physician he had no equal in the whole District. By his ability and sincerity he endeared himself to his patients. In many complicated cases his diagnosis and his time of treatment won the approval of eminent physicians like Dr. Rao, of Bombay. As a doctor he was always cautious, careful and painstaking and though far away from great hospitals, he always kept himself in touch with the progress of science. His calmness and self-possession in the most trying emergency saved the life of many a patient.

He was an old Theosophist and was President of T. S. Lodge at Hubli. He also took a lively interest in the study of comparative philosophy and was a great student of the subject. Among his friends he was known for his culture and breadth of vision. He leaves behind him a widow and four sons and two daughters to mourn his loss. His eldest son is a Master of Arts and is a Professor at the Poona College.

The General Officer, commanding the army of occupation in Mesopotamia, has prohibited the exportation, by land or by water, or live sheep and cattle from the occupied territories.

The IRON CLAW by ARTHUR STRINGER

AUTHOR OF
"THE OCCASIONAL OFFENDER,"
"THE WIRE TAPPERS,"
"GUN RUNNERS," Etc.
Novelized from
The Pathe Photo Play of the Same Name.

SYNOPSIS.

On Windward Island Palidori intrigues Mrs. Golden into an appearance of evil which causes Golden to capture and torture the Italian by branding his face and crushing his hand. Palidori floods the island and kidnaps Golden's little daughter Margery. Twelve years later in New York a Masked One rescues Margery from Legar and takes her to her father's home, whence she is recaptured. Margery's mother fruitlessly implores Golden to find their daughter. The Laughing Mask again takes Margery away from Legar. Legar sends to Golden a warning and a demand for a portion of the chart of Windward Island. Margery meets her mother. The chart is lost in a fight between Manley and one of Legar's henchmen, but is recovered by the Laughing Mask. Count Da Espares figures in a dubious attempt to entrap Legar and claims to have killed him. Golden's house is dynamited during a masked ball. Legar escapes but Da Espares is crushed in the ruins. Margery rescues the Laughing Mask from the police. Manley finds Margery not indifferent to his love. He saves her from Mauki's poisoned arrows. Manley plans a mock funeral which fails to accomplish the desired purpose, the capture of the Iron Claw and his gang. Margery is saved from death at the hands of the Iron Claw by the Laughing Mask. An attempt by the Iron Claw to blow up the O'Mara cottage is frustrated in the nick of time.

THIRTEENTH EPISODE.

THE HIDDEN FACE.

Enoch Golden looked at the heavy shadows about his daughter's eyes. Then he seated himself heavily in the arm-chair which she had so abstractedly turned about for him.

"Margery," he said with an effort at sternness, "are you still worrying about that young Manley?"

For a moment or two the girl remained silent.

"I can't help it, father," she finally acknowledged. And she further discomfited her frowning parent by a suspicion of tears in her downcast eyes.

"But I don't believe David Manley is any more dead than I am!" the old millionaire finally and stoutly asseverated.

"Then why has there been no word of him, no trace of him, since the night of that awful explosion?"

This question, apparently, was not an easy one to answer. But Enoch Golden was not to be lightly dissuaded from his task of consolation.

"I'll tell you what I believe, my girl. I believe everything's all right, no matter what you think. Everything's going to come out all right. Before the week is out, if what the police tell me is true, we're going to have this man Legar safe behind the prison bars where he belongs. What's troubling me more than David Manley, just now, is the problem of this Laughing Mask person. I had nothing less than a deputy commissioner call me up this morning, for the authorities down in Centre street are convinced of the fact this Laughing Mask would be a better haul than even Legar himself. They claim to have a clear record against him, and in ten minutes I've got to face a delegation from the detective bureau and tell them for the twentieth time just how much, or rather, how little, I know about that mysterious stranger!"

Later in her room Margery Golden, looking up, saw a figure in a yellow mask silently and pensively regarding her.

"You are unhappy?" he quietly inquired

"You seem to appear only on those occasions when I am," she slowly and thoughtfully replied.

"You are wondering at this very moment if young Manley will ever come back to you."

She colored a little as she stared up into the masked face.

"Yes," she finally acknowledged, "that is something I must know"

"Why?"

She remained silent.

"Is it because you care for him?"

"Yes, it is because I care for him—a great deal," she found the courage to reply.

He turned about and tip-toed to the door. There, carefully nursing the knob in the palm of his hand, he released the catch and swung the door suddenly inward. And crouched low in the hallway, close beside the door frame, was the figure of a young woman wearing a housemaid's apron.

The startled young woman, on discovering that she had been detected in the act of listening at a keyhole, sprang to her feet and fled like a shadow down the long hallway.

"Why, that was one of our maids!" cried the astonished girl.

"And also a secret agent of the Iron Claw's," announced the man in the mask.

"But what are you going to do?" demanded the puzzled girl.

"I'm going to show that I'm still your friend, and at the same time prove that this particular maid is your enemy," called back the man in the mask.

But that particular maid, realizing apparently that events were shaping themselves into some final issue, lost no time in loitering along the hallway of that shadowy house. She ran straight to the heavy folding doors which shut off the library wherein, she knew, Enoch Golden was already conferring with his circle of officers from the detective bureau. Opening these doors, she confronted those startled officials.

"If you're after that man you call the Laughing Mask," she announced in her shrill soprano, "you'll find him here in this house, at this very moment."

Copyright, 1915, by Arthur Stringer.

"In this house?" echoed the astounded old millionaire.

"You'll find him," shrilled the white-faced maid, "in Margery Golden's room. And the sooner you get there the better!"

They rose as one man and moved towards the door.

But they did not pass through that door. They came to a pause, for the very material reason that a man in a yellow mask, holding a revolver in his hand, confronted them from the hallway.

"Just a moment, gentlemen," this masked stranger suavely announced, although the suavity of his voice was somewhat discounted by the obviously menacing position of his firearm. "Since denunciations seem to be in order, will you permit me to point out to you that the young lady who has just addressed you is Betsy LeMarsh, alias Williamsburg Sadie, not only one of the most adroit woman crooks in the city, but also an emissary and agent of Jules Legar himself!"

Having made that speech, the Laughing Mask promptly swung the heavy folding doors shut. He did so before one of the astonished onlookers could interfere. Then he turned the key in the snaplock, and ran headlong along the quiet hall. He all but collided with Margery Golden herself.

"Here's where I take time by the forelock," he grimly announced, as he darted across the room to a huge old-fashioned grandfather's clock which stood against the farther wall. The astonished girl saw him swing open the door and step inside the clock. Then she turned quickly about, for the men from the central office were already in the room. And she had no desire to make their task easier for them.

"That man came into this room!" declared one of the older men, challenging the half-smiling girl with an indignant forefinger. "Where is he?"

"How should I know?" asked the calm-eyed young woman.

"Well, he's here, and we'll get him," declared the man who seemed to be the leader of the others. Then Margery Golden's heart suddenly came up into her mouth, for she could see that he was hurrying across the room in the direction of the clock. She could see his right hand go into his pocket and whip out a revolver as his left hand threw open the little black-walnut door along the face of the clock. Then she breathed again, for the clock was empty.

But the man with the revolver had dropped to his knees and was patting interrogatively about the clock base.

"I thought so!" he suddenly called out. "There's a spring trap here that opens through the floor. Quick, some of you men, get down to the basement!"

Margery Golden was even able to smile again.

"Wilson," she said, "be so good as to show these gentlemen the way to the basement. And then be so good as to have Miss Betsy LeMarsh come here." But miss Betsy Le Marsh had commandeered a hat and coat belonging to her mistress, possessed herself of a jeweled ring or two and a small morocco case, which she discreetly stowed away as she stole quietly down the servants' stairs, and slipped out through the shrubbery.

So preoccupied was she, however, in putting distance between her and the house which she had just left that she failed to observe a figure simultaneously and quite as eagerly emerging from a basement window. Yet as she hurriedly rounded the block, in eager quest of a taxi-cab, this figure showed an unmistakable interest in her movements. And when she had finally hailed a taxi-cab and climbed into it, the stranger in a yellow mask so cautiously shadowing her made a signal to the driver of a mysterious limousine, which seemed to be casually engaged in following his own movements.

"Follow that taxi-cab," he commanded his driver as he leaped into the still-moving car.

The man in the limousine sat tense and silent, watching the flight for mile after mile. Then, realizing that it was taking them beyond the bounds of the city itself, he drew shut the side-blinds of his car, reached under the seat and took from its hiding place a japanned tin box, remarkably similar to an actor's make-up box.

Balancing this on his knees, he first removed his mask of yellow cloth, adjusted a small folding mirror to the box lid, and busied himself with the assortment of pigments and cosmetics of the make-up putty therein contained. The clear-lined face which first gazed into the folding mirror slowly but unmistakably became converted into something repellant to the eye.

The next moment the limousine came to a stop at the roadside.

"That taxi-cab has just turned in at the Bellaire inn," the well-trained driver called back to his master.

"So I notice. And that's the place, I'll wager, where Legar himself is trying to keep under cover."

"There's the woman herself, running up the steps," announced the driver.

"So I also observe. And under the circumstances, I think it would be best for you to slip after her, as quietly and quickly as you can."

"Yes, sir!"

"Then come back to the car and report to me the number of the room she asks for. Find out the number, whatever happens. For in that room, I imagine, we're going to encounter our old friend of the Iron Claw."

THE FLASH FOR HELP.

Jules Legar was in anything but an amiable frame of mind, and when Williamsburg Sadie was quietly ushered into room 307 of the Bellaire inn, he greeted her with a malignant scowl which she promptly and openly resented.

"You don't seem exactly crazy to see me," she announced as she watched Legar lock the door through which she had just entered. His right arm, she noticed, was carried in a voluminous white cotton sling.

"Didn't I tell you to keep away from this dump?" he wrathfully reminded her.

"Well, I didn't come because I wanted to!" was the other's retort.

"What's wrong?"

Everything's wrong! Old Golden had a bunch of flatties in his house, and that Laughing Mask boob squealed on me to the bunch. So I had to beat it."

Legar swung about on her.

"And you beat it straight here, in open daylight, leaving a paper-chase trail at your heels!" There was rage in his voice.

"I tell you I left no trail. I've got my own scalp to take care of. And if I've taken a chance to beat it up here and put you wise, it seems to me there's more than this grouch-talk comin' to me!"

"Then, for the love of heaven, woman, don't holler so the whole house will hear you! Speak quietly."

A one-sided smile played about the hardened face of that wordly wise young woman.

"I guess you're kind o' losin' your nerve," she contemptuously announced.

"Listen to me, my girl. I've been at this game longer than you have, and I've learned there are times when even walls have ears."

The woman laughed.

"Then you'd better get earmuffs on that window sill, for I've got a hunch it's—"

Her voice died away at the same moment that the smile vanished from her face.

"Don't turn around," she said in a sudden startled whisper as she looked down at her feet. "For there's a man's face starin' in at that window now."

Legar remained motionless.

"What face?" he quiely asked.

"Its the man in the Laughing Mask!" was the whispered response.

Legar continued to stare at her, still motionless.

"That means he came up by the fire-escape," meditated the fugitive. "And that means Red Egan must surely have seen him."

The next moment the man with his arm in a sling had thrown the bandage aside and was running towards the window that opened on the fire-escape landing.

On that narrow ledge of sheet-metal, wedged in between the window sash and the escape railing, a terrific combat was already taking place. Before Legar could get the window open the Laughing Mask, by an adroit jiu-jitsu movement of the body, succeeded in pinning the winded Red Egan down on the fire-escape platform. But already a second sentry of Legar's was swarming up the narrow metal stairway, and all the attention of the man in the mask had to be directed towards his new adversary.

It was while countering the onslaught of this second enemy that the Laughing Mask became conscious of still another point of attack. For as he fought there, on his knees, astride the panting form of Red Egan, an iron claw reached viciously out over the window sill behind him, and fixed itself in his shoulder. The next moment he was being hauled bodily in through the open window.

Ready hands were there to take possession of that battered and breathless captive.

"Put him in that chair!" exultantly commanded Legar.

"Now what'll we do with him?" demanded the panting Red Egan.

"Leave him to me," announced Legar, studying his captive out of narrowed and sinister eyes. Then the man with the iron claw stepped slowly and studiously closely to the chair in which the helpless Laughing Mask sat, for the light in the room was none too clear.

"So you're the man of mystery, are you! You're the hero who keeps a dead wall between him and the world, eh! Well, my valiant hero, we'll soon put your visor up!"

Williamsburg Sadie, with her mouth slightly agape, stood halfway between the chair and the wall, watching the man with the iron claw as he exulted over his enemy. She watched Legar's hand as it reached out to the mask of yellow cloth and tore it viciously from the face which it had concealed.

Then a scream, short but high pitched, burst from her startled lips. For what she stared at seemed more like a charnel-house cadaver than a human face.

And Legar drew back at the sight of those loathsome features. He backed slowly away, staring at that face, until he came to the electric button set in the wall. He reached out to switch on the electrolier, for the struggle on the fire-escape landing had left a curtain hanging half over the window, and this made the light uncertain. But even as Legar lifted his finger to the switch a sudden knock sounded on the door of the room.

Both Red Egan and the woman turned mutely to Legar. And as they looked, the knock was repeated, louder than before.

"Lock him in that closet," was the Iron Claw's whispered command. "And throttle him at the first sound!"

Legar, who had already crossed to the door that opened into the hall, waited there until the closet door had been locked and shut.

He found a chambermaid standing there.

"Is there anything the matter, sir?" she asked in genuine alarm.

"The matter? What should be the matter?" inquired the sleepy-eyed occupant of the room

"I thought I heard a scream, sir," explained the chambermaid, already relieved.

"Not in this room, my dear," calmly announced Legar.

"I'm sorry if I was mistaken," explained the maid.

It was Red Egan who stepped to Legar's side as the key was once more silently turned in the lock.

"Here's a signet ring I took off your man in there. Would that give you any tip as to who he is?"

Legar stood studying the ring, turning it over and over in his hand.

"No," he finally announced. "But it'll let me send a tip to our old friend Golden. I'll send him that ring to show him we've got the Laughing Mask here. With it will go a note giving him his last chance to hand over that chart!"

"And who'll carry that note?" asked Williamsburg Sadie, out of the silence of apprehension which fell over the little group.

"You will," calmly announced Legar.

"Not on your life-" was the girl's quavering reply. "I'm through with those people!"

"But you're not through with me yet, my girl. You're going to take this note to Enoch Golden, and you're going to do it without any risk. I'll call up Golden myself and tell him he'll get it back, ten to one, if he makes a single move against you. And besides that, we've got him so beaten at this game that he's going to cry quits the minute he sees we've roped in the last of his gang, the minute I tell him I'll leave the country on condition he coughs up the paper!"

"And s'posin' he does weaken and hand over that paper? Where do I get off?"

"You come back here with it as fast as wheels can carry you. And if you move as quick as I want you to move, you'll just about get back in time to see the finish of your friend in the yellow mask!"

But Betsy LeMarsh's friend in the yellow mask, for all his captivity, was apparently preparing for that finish in a more active manner than was imagined by his captors. For, the moment he was locked in the narrow closet, he had undertaken a systematic search of its gloomy corners. That search, however, was rewarded only by the discovery of a group of insulated wires running along its outer wall. Yet these wires he examined with not a little care. And the examination led him to conclude, both from the nature of the wires and the heaviness of the insulation about them, that they were an integral portion of the lighting system of the hotel. That they were not "dead" he promptly discovered by scraping away the insulation tissue and bringing two of the bared wires in contact. This resulted in an immediate hiss and spark of light. And that gave the prisoner an idea. By "breaking" the current, he knew, he could send a message needling through all the nervous system of the house. And at some one point, he felt sure, that methodic play of dot and dash in the light bulb would arouse suspicion and cause a search to be instigated.

It was, in fact, in the office of the hotel itself, where High-Collar Davis, the house detective, leisurely perused an evening paper for certain racing returns close beside a rotund and robinlike room clerk in a red vest, that an electric bulb just above the register began to conduct itself in a manner that was first mysterious and then challenging.

High-Collar Davis, looking languidly up from his racing charts, watched this light for several moments of silence.

"Well, I'll be blowed!" he finally ejaculated.

"What's wrong?" asked the room clerk.

Instead of replying, the house detective took out paper and pencil, and, carefully watching the winking and blinking bulb, wrote a number of letters down on his slip of paper.

"That's the first time," he solemnly announced, "I ever saw an electric bulb talk Morse!"

"Talk Morse?" echoed the other.

"Yes, talk Morse, or I never pounded the brass for two years. And here's what it has said, twice over. Help—room three—o—seven—help—help!" The house detective suddenly stood upright. "Say, who is in 307 in this house, anyway?"

"That Virginian with his arm in a sling!"

"Then it's up to us to find out what's going on in that room!"

The Laughing Mask, in the meantime, was no longer giving his attention to the wires along the closet wall. But with his pocket knife he had already removed the set screw from the door knob of the closet door. Then, swinging lightly up to the shelf that stood some five feet from the floor, he seated himself there opposite the door. By grasping the two heavy clothes hooks screwed into this door, and by planting his feet firmly against the sash on either side of it, he felt that he was not altogether at the mercy of his enemies.

Even as he sat there he could hear the key turned in the lock and then the sound of Legar's quick oath of exasperation as the door knob fell loose to the floor, in response to his tug at it. At the same time hope rose in the captive's heart, for he could hear the muffled sound of a knock on the outer door. And still again the prisoner in the closet could hear Legar's oath of exasperation. This was followed by the sudden impact of the heavy wing chair against the panels of the closet door. That blow, repeated again and yet again, was heavy enough to break through the wood. But that dignitary known as High-Collar Davis, being a gentleman not given to inactivity in moments of emergency, and being sufficiently persuaded of untoward proceedings behind the door which refused to open to his knock, promptly seized a fire ax from its vermilion-painted rack in the hall, and sent it crashing through the panels of the door which bore the numerals 307.

Legar, seeing the door giving way before this determined onslaught, drew his revolver and emptied it into the half demolished closet door even as he backed away across the room to the open window. There he followed his already vanishing accomplices out on the fire escape, swarming down the narrow ladder after them as the outer door of the room gave way and a group of excited hotel attendants, headed by High-Collar Davis, came tumbling into the room.

The man who emerged from the closet lingered only long enough to point out to them the fleeing figures already at the foot of the fire escape. Then he himself darted down through the hotel hallway, took the stairs on the run, circled out through the rotunda, and springing through shrubbery and flower beds, leaped into a limousine drawn up at the side of the road.

"Follow that touring car those men have just piled into," he called out to his driver. "Follow it until we get into the city. Then swing past it and get to Golden's house before it does, whatever happens!"

But that touring car showed itself to be a much speedier vehicle than its unkempt appearance might indicate. And its driver seemed possessed of a surprisingly intimate knowledge of suburban side roads, for as the black limousine drew up on it the dust-covered open car suddenly swerved to the left, dipped into a narrow valley, and took the rise to the railway track like a swallow rounding a cliff head.

Then the man in the yellow mask stood up in his car, with an involuntary gasp of horror on his lips. For thundering along the curving track as the dusty touring car rose to the crossing came an even swifter-moving through freight, whistling its frantic warning as it came.

But that warning was too late. The pilot of the locomotive seemed to root like a boar's snout under the flimsy body of the automobile and then toss it and its human freight high over its shoulder. There was a momentary cascade of bodies and metal through the air, a sudden discontinuance of the whistle blasts, and the grind of steel against steel as the startled engine driver threw on his brakes.

"Did they strike?" asked the Laughing Mask's chauffeur over his shoulder.

"Yes, they struck! But don't turn back. Keep going! For there's another car from that hotel following us, and we've still got to get to Golden's house first."

It was some twelve minutes later that Margery Golden, as she sat disconsolately in the quietness of her room, found herself confronted by an unannounced visitor.

"It's you!" she gasped, as she rose to her feet and found the Laughing Mask standing, a little breathless, just inside her door.

"I'm sorry to startle you," he explained, "but as usual, they didn't give me any too much time!"

"But what has happened?"

"The same thing over again. There are five men downstairs persuading your father the Laughing Mask is a criminal, and those five men are determined to make me a prisoner."

"But why should they keep saying this?" asked the bewildered girl.

"Because they don't understand."

"No, they don't understand," she repeated. Then she turned and stared at the masked face. "Nor do I altogether understand!"

"But surely you'd trust me enough to hide me away here until I can escape from them?"

"How can you ask me to trust you when you refuse to trust me?"

"But I do trust you. I always have!"

"Yet not enough to remove that mask."

"And you insist that I unmask?"

"No, I do not insist. But if you believe in my honesty I also want to believe in yours."

Again there was a moment of silence.

"You are right," said the man in the mask. Then he crossed the room to the door of the white-tiled bathroom, laughing as he went. "But since my hands are clean, I also insist that my face shall be!"

The girl stood puzzled as she heard the sound of a tap being turned and the splash of water.

"What are you doing?" she demanded.

"Washing my face," answered a somewhat altered voice, "and I'm afraid I'm rather spoiling your towel with my make-up."

The next minute the Laughing Mask, denuded of his domino, stepped back into the room.

"Will you trust me enough now to help me get away?" he asked.

The girl stared round-eyed into the smiling face above her. She started to lift her hand, as though in wonder, to her brow. But the man in the doorway imprisoned that hand in his own, and drew her a little closer to him.

"Will you trust me now?" he repeated.

"Yes," she said, in a voice hushed with wonder, as she left his arms close about her. "I will always trust you!"

(To be continued.)

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